# SEMI-WEEKLY NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD.

SEMI-WEEKLY, $4 PER ANNUM. PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS. WEEKLY, $2 PER ANNUM.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1853. NO. 44.



## THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY

**WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,**

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annu in advance, or within the first month, Two dollars an fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

☞ The above rules will be inflexibly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines wil be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judidicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted.

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.


## CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

***"We Study to Please."***

THE Subscriber has just returned from the Northern Cities, where he has been engaged in superintending the manufacture of his entire

**STOCK OF CLOTHING.**

Which is now being opened

AT HIS NEW STORE.

**Old Stand,**

*Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.*

His Store is fitted up in a style of elegance, superior to any in the State, and his Stock presents attractions, rarely to be seen, except in the large assortments of the Northern cities. E. L. HARDING.

Raleigh, October 4th, 1852. 83

**P. BUSBEE & BROTHER,** have removed their Law office from the Court House to the old "Henry Cannon office" owned by Willis Scott Esq., corner of Wilmington and Martin streets.

Raleigh, Jan. 13, 1853. 17—9t.

**ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD,**

**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the Counties of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham. He is to be found at the office lately occupied by Hon. Will. H. Haywood, Jr., dec'd.

January 1, 1853. 14—6mw&sw.

**WILLIAM S. MASON,**

**ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,**

**Raleigh, N. C.,**

WILL attend the Courts of Chatham and Wake He can be found at his office on the same square with James McKimmon's residence.

January 23d, 1853. 20—1y.

**TURNER'S NORTH CAROLINA ALMANAC FOR 1853.**

PUBLISHED this day, and sold wholesale and retail by HENRY D. TURNER, N. C. Bookstore.

October 12, 1852. 95—

**CLEMENT G. WRIGHT,**

*ATTORNEY AT LAW,*

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Office corner of Green and Bow Streets.

January 31st, 1853. 22—wly.

**CLAUDIUS B. SANDERS,**

**Smithfield, N. C.,**

**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**

WILL attend the Courts of Johnston, Wayne and Nash Counties.

January 10th, 1853. 19—w&swly.

**WILLIAM H. JONES,**

**Attorney and Counsellor at Law,**

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL attend the Courts of Chatham, Johnston, and Wake.

Raleigh, Feb. 23, 1853. 29—tf.

**G. E. B. SINGELTARY,**

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

GREENVILLE, N. C.

**BONNETS and RIBBONS.**

15 DOZ. Bonnets, from 75 cents to $7 50. Ribbons from 10 cents to $3 per yard.

EVANS & COOKE,

No. 29, cheap place.

March 10, 1853. 33

IF YOU WANT TO LOOK DRESSED, call at Evans & Cooke's and get one of Bebee's Hats and J. Miles & Sons' Boots, and shine.

No. 29, cheap place.

March 10, 1853. 33

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA. A fresh supply of this justly celebrated Extract, too well and highly appreciated to need any comments, is just received and for sale at PESCUD'S.

**Just Received,**

5 HOGSHEAD'S of New Crop Cuba Molasses.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

February 4, 1853. 23—

**"JUST TO HAND."**

FOUR cases Beebes' best Spring Style of HATS Those wishing the very *best* article had better call at once on

EVANS & COOK,

No. 29, Cheap Side.

Raleigh, Feb. 4, 1853. 23—

**Saddler, Ferth & Ross' Mustard.** A large Case of this Mustard—which is considered the best in the world—by many persons—is just received at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

**Cheltenham Salts.** A supply in Store and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

**Riggs' Genuine Military Soap.** A supply of this celebrated Soap, just received at PESCUD'S DRUG-STORE.

February 22d, 1853. 28—

MOFAT'S PILLS & PHOENIX BITTERS. Another supply just to hand. Those who have been in want of these highly approved Medicines may be supplied at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

PHALON'S HAIR INVIGORATOR. Another supply just received at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

**Negroes Wanted.**

THE subscriber will pay the highest cash prices for number one young Negroes.

R. D. ATKINSON

Smithfield, Dec. 29th, 1852. 13—tf.

**IRA BECKWITH,**

WOULD tender his sincere thanks to his numerous friends and customers, in Raleigh and its vicinity, for the liberal support he has received, and hopes by renewed efforts to merit a continuance of their favor.—He has just returned from the North, where having in view the wants of his customers at home, he endeavored to select such articles as would give entire satisfaction, both as to price and quality. His stock consists in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Cutlery, and Fancy articles, comprising in part the following:

**Groceries.**

Bacon, Lard, Meal, Flour, Candles, Sole and Upper Leather, Soap, Salt, fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Soda, Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Ink, Blacking, Powder and Shot, Lead, &c., &c.

**Hardware and Cutlery.**

Axes, Weeding Hoes, Nails, Files, Butts, Screws, Padlocks, platt Locks, Coffee Mills, Tacks, Percussion Caps, Scissors, Iron and Britiana Spoons, Pocket Knives, Knives and Forks, Thimbles, Pins, Needles, Hooks and Eyes, Candle Sticks, Vest Buckles, &c.

Glass and Crockery of all kinds.

**Dry Goods and Fancy Articles.**

Blankets, bleached and unbleached Shirtings, Va. Osnaburgs, Bed Ticking, brown Jeans, Kerseys, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Fancy Vestings, Cambrics, Linens, Cravats, Pocket H'k'fs, Comforts, Flanels, Merrimack prints, Fancy prints, Letter paper, Envellopes, Steel Pens, Pen Holders, Agate Buttons, Coat Buttons, fancy Vest Buttons, Coats' Spool Cotton, Sewing Silk, Flaxthread, Cable Cord, Corset Laces, Hairpins, Snuff Boxes, Coarse and fine Tooth Combs, Pocket Combs, Ladies riding Side and Tuck Combs, Paste Board, Gentlemen's Chamois lined Gloves, Wool Gloves, one gross stout cotton Half Hose, also Ladies fine and coarse cotton Hose, Looking Glasses, Blacking Brushes, Cotton Cards, Shaving Boxes, Fancy Soaps, Perfumeries, &c., &c.

Also, a fine assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Summer Shoes, cheap for cash. Just to hand.

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to enumerate, all of which will be disposed of on the most liberal terms for cash

Fayetteville street, a few doors north of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel.

Raleigh, March 27, 1853. 39—1y.

**SPRING STOCK OF MEDICINES FOR 1853.**

P. F. PESCUD is now receiving his Spring supply of Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye stuffs, Perfumery and Fancy Articles, which is in all respects, reliable, and in sufficient quantities to merit a large increase of Wholesale as well as Retail Trade.

With seventeen years experience in his business and greatly increased facilities for purchasing, receiving, and forwarding goods, he hopes to retain the patronage and influence of his customers.

His great aim is to procure the purest and most reliable articles, and will not knowingly sell any other kind, and to this cause he attributes the large increase of his sales and the success which has followed his efforts to gain the confidence of the public.

Physicians and families who have Prescriptions to fill may rest assured that they will be promptly and faithfully executed by experienced persons at all hours of the day or night.

He hopes all who owe him on accounts or on notes due prior to the first of January last, will call and settle, without delay, or remit their indebtedness.

March 14, 1853. 36—

**RALEIGH BAKERY.**

*Fayetteville Street, Opposite the Market House.*

THE Subscribers having commenced the above business at the stand lately occupied by Mr. L. B. Walker, and employed competent workmen, intend carrying on the *Baking and Confectionary Business* in all its usual branches, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of the public patronage.

Plain or ornamental CAKES made to order, on the shortest notice.

**Candy Manufactory.**

The Subscribers have in their employ superior CANDY MAKERS, and will keep constantly on hand a supply of fresh Candy, of various descriptions, for sale wholesale or retail.

Wholesale price, by the hundred pounds *fifteen Dollars*, CASH. Orders from a distance will be promptly attended to.

**Fruits, &c.**

A fresh supply of Fruits will be kept constantly on hand, of the finest quality at low prices. Country Stores are particularly requested to favor us with their orders, which will be forwarded on the shortest notice.

JAMES PUTTICK,
JOHN MITCHELL.

Raleigh, March 1, 1852. 31—1y

**PORTER, ALE, CIDER, AND MINERAL WATER.**

THE Subscriber offers for sale to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country the following articles at as low prices and as good quality as can be procured in the Union, viz:

London Porter, (Barclay, Perkins & Co.) in qts. and pts.
Falkink Scotch Ale, (R. Dove & Sons) in pts.
Baltimore Brown Stout, (L. Lucas) qts. and pts.
Philadelphia do. (P. C. Massey,) qts. and pts.
do. do. do. do.
Troy, do. (M. Vassar & Co. do.
Champaigne Cider, very sparkling, do.

Also, new superior Draft Ale in barrels and halfs, Hard Cider in whole and half barrels.

I am prepared to fill all orders at short notice, having the largest establishment of the kind in Virginia or North Carolina, and at low prices, buying every thing solely for cash and selling for the same. Persons that reside in the country may depend on getting articles that are good and cheap.

Bottling machine for Mineral Waters is in constant operation, making Sarsaparilla, Lemon and Ginger Waters that are not to be excelled.

W. H. BUCK.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 16, 1853. 3m.—27.

**NOTICE.**

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity, that he will commence selling off, at cost, the first day of March, his stock of

Dry Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Crockery Ware,
Cigars, &c., &c.,

as he intends to close his business in the course of two months.

Persons desirous of getting goods cheap will do well to call upon him and examine his stock.

JNO. F. MAHLER,
West side of the Capitol.

P. S. All persons indebted to me will have the kindness to come up and settle their accounts within six weeks, as I shall be bound to have them collected after that time.

Raleigh, March 4th, 1853. 31—

**WHOLESALE TRADE,**

**For March, 1852.**

OUR SPRING STOCK of

**FOREIGN & DOMESTIC Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,**

is now complete. The assortment is large and commanding.

**COUNTRY MERCHANTS**

are invited to call and examine styles and prices, feeling confident that we can offer as great inducements as any Jobbing House North or South.

STEVENSON & WEDDELL.

Sycamore Street Petersburg, Va.

34—

**Candles! Candles!!** A supply of Sperm and Adamantine Candles, very good and at reduced prices—may be had of P. F. PESCUD.

February 22d, 1853. —28

**GARDEN SEEDS,**

WARRANTED fresh and genuine, and of the crop of 1852, for sale at the Drug-Store of WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & Co.

ASPARAGUS—Giant,
BEANS—(Dwarf,)
Early Mohawk,
" China,
" Yellow six weeks,
" Valentine,
" White kidney,
BEANS—(Pole,)
Horticultural Cranberry,
Indian Chief,
Large Lima or Butter,
BEETS—Early blood turnip,
Early yellow turnip,
Long Blood.
BROCOLI—Early and Late,
CABBAGE—Early May,
Early York,
" Ox heart,
" Large York,
" Drumhead
Late do.,
" Premium flat Dutch,
" Drumhead Savoy,
" Bergen,
Red Dutch (for pickling,)
CAULIFLOWER—Early and Late,
CARROT—Early Horn,
ong Orange,
Celery,
White Solid,
New Silver Giant,
CRESS—Curled or Pepper-grass,
CUCUMBER—Early Cluster,
Early Frame,
London Long Green,
Ex a Long Green,
Gherkin (for pickling,)
EGG PLANT—Large purple,
CORN—Mammoth Sweet,
Tuskarora,
Early Philad. white,
" Canada,
" Adams',
LELTUCE—Early curled si-Royal Cabbage, lecia,
Large India,
Ice Coss,
MELONS—Green Citron,
Pine Apple,
Nutmeg,
Skillmans fine netted,
Beechwood,
Carolina Water,
Spanish do,
Mountain Sweet do,
Long Island do,
MUSTARD — White and brown,
NASTURTIUM,
OKRA,
ONION—Large Red,
Yellow Dutch,
White Portugal,
Onion Buttons,
PARSLEY—Plain and curled,
PARSNIP—Long Smooth,
Sugar,
Guernsay,
PEAS—Early Prince Albert,
Early Washington,
" Bishops Prolific.
Large Marrowfat,
Tall or Matchless Marrowfat,
PEPPER—Long Cayenne,
Cherry,
Bell,
Mammoth,
RADISH—Long scarlet,
Turnip scarlet,
" white,
" yellow,
RHUBARB—Myatts victoria
SPINACH—Round leaved Savoy,
Prickly and fall,
SALSIFY or vegetable oyster.
SQUASH—Early yellow bush,
Early white bush,
" crookneck bush,
Autumal Marrow.
TOMATO—Large Red,
Large Yellow.

Raleigh, Jan. 21, 1853. 20—tf.

**Boots, Gaiters, Slippers, Shoes, &c.**

**HENRY PORTER,**

**FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.**

THE subscriber is now in receipt of his Spring stock of Goods, selected in person, with great care, in various Northern cities, which he believes superior to any ever before offered in this market, and respectfully solicits an examination by the public. His stock comprises every character, variety and size, from that of a Doll to a seventy-four.

For the LADIES, he has some new styles of SLIPPERS and BUSKINS, very beautiful and tasty; GAITERS of elegant material and finish—and WALKING SHOES handsome and durable. In a word, every pedal luxury and necessary may be found at his extensive establishment.

And the GENTLEMEN have not been forgotten. His stock of BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS and MATERIALS for manufacture, is unsurpassed, and he is therefore prepared to furnish them with any and every thing in their line—costly and elegant, as well as cheap and useful.

His stock for MISSES and BOYS is full and choice.

As to PRICES, he has articles at all rates—from 50 cents to $3 for the Ladies—and the Gentlemen, as cheap or costly as they may require.

A full stock of FURNISHING MATERIALS on hand, for sale low to the trade. Call and examine.

☞ Having greatly extended his business and removed to the great thorough fare of trade in our city, viz: Fayetteville street, second door from Pescud's Drug Store, he hopes to receive, as he is determined to merit, the liberal patronage of a generous community, His motto is "Live, and let live"—and he hopes to be enabled to carry it out.

☞ His Manufacturing Department is full and complete—the best and most skilful workmen—superior materials, and a determination to give satisfaction, he hopes to recive for him a generous prtronage. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a continuation of the same. HENRY PORTER,

Fayettville St.

Raleigh, April 5, 1853. 40—4t.

N. B. I wish it particularly understood, that I warrant every article I sell.

**NEW BOOKS.**

THE rector of St. Bardolphs, or superannuated by F. W. Shelton author of Salander. &c.

Light and Shade, or the Young Artist by Anna H. Drury, authoress of Friends and Fortune, Eastbury, &c.

Beatrice, or the Unknown relatives, by Catherine Sinclair, author of Modern accomplishments, Journey of Life, &c.

The capture in Patagonia; adventures in Fairy Land with engravings.

Annual of Scientific Discovery, or Yearbook of facts in Science and art for 1853.

Daisy Burns, by Julia Kavanagh, author of Nathalie, Madeline, &c

Mr. Brown's Letters to a young man about town by Thackeray.

The arts of Tanning, Currying, and Leather-dressing, Theoretically and Practically considered in all their details, edited from the French of J. DeFantenelle and F. Malepayne with numerous emendations and additions by Campbell Morfitt, illustrated by 200 wood engravings.

Putnams' Monthly Magazine for January, February, and March. For sale by

W. L. POMEROY.

April 5, 1853. 38—

**Warrenton Female Institute.**

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

THE twenty-fourth semi-annual session of this Institution will commence on Monday the 3d of January next. Charges as before. Pupils are received at any time and charged from the time of entrance.

Terms $62,00 per session for Board and English tuition. Ancient and Modern Languages, Music, Drawing, and Oil Painting at former rates. Vocal Music and Ornamental needle work gratis.

Circulars containing the fullest information will be sent to those applying.

GRAVES & WILCOX.

Warrenton, Dec. 2, 1852. 6—4m.

**Just Received.**

15 BBLS. Mercer Potatoes.
300 lbs. Cod Fish, Salmon, Mackerel, Herrings, &c., &c.
5 doz. Beef Tongues.
50 Boxes Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles.
10 bbls. Family Flour, at

HENRY KIEM'S.

**Newell's Patent Safety Fluid Lamd** AND LAMP FEEDER. A new article, warranted to prevent all accidents from the use of Burning Fluid, Camphene, and all other explosive compounds used for the production of light. The principle adopted by Mr. Newell to prevent explosion is that of the well known "Davy's" Safety Lamp for Miners. For sale by

P. F. PESCUD.

February 22d, 1853. 28—

**Cotton and Silk Hosiery.**

BLACK Ingrain Cotton Hose, superior quality, Bl'k and white Silk Hose, bl'k Raw and Silk Hose, White Cotton Hose from 12½ to 90 cents. Brown and White Cotton ½ Hose.

J. BROWN.

March 15, 1853. 34—

**Strings! Strings!!**

ANOTHER supply of those elegant Italian Guitar and Violin Strings this day received at the N. C. MUSIC STORE.

Raleigh, February 7th, 1853. 24—

**NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.**

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than sven years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500,000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is over Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been ess than one third of one per cen per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year.

DIRECTORS:

Jos. G. B. Roulhac, C. W. D. Hutchings, Jno. R. Williams, John Primrose, H. D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fayetteville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Boner, Salem, Joseph H. Pool, Elizabeth City, F. F. Fagan, Plymouth, Alexander, Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, H. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and A. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorized to receive applications.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY:

J. G. B. Roulhac, President,
Henry D. Turner, Vice President,
S. W. Whiting, Treasurer,
J. C. Partridge, Secretary,
John H. Bryan, Attorney,
J. Hersman, General Agent.

S. W. Whiting,
Jno. R. Williams, } Executive Committee.
John Primrose,

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

J. C. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.

Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1853. 19—

**PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.**

THE subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own clothing, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our cloths, cassameres, &c. at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

It is unneeessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.

**Our Custom Department,**

Is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.

**Our Wholesale Rooms.**

Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
(Successors to N. PERRY.)

Petesburg, Virginia May 5th, 1852. 52—

**GREAT EXCITEMENT.**

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms, and Worms:*

Also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.

The prices of Still-caps, Arms, and Worms, are as follows: By the pound 37 cents; or by contract,

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7 barrel | Still-cap, Arms and Worms, | | $400 |
| 10 | do | do | do 485 |
| 12 | do | do | do 525 |
| 14 | do | do | do 585 |
| 15 | do | do | do 615 |
| 16 | do | do | do 650 |
| 20 | do | do | do 695 |
| 25 | do | do | do 750 |
| 30 | do | do | do 850 |
| 35 | do | do | do 900 |

All work will be warranted for 12 months, fire and burning excepted. His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost, to the purchaser.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

**LOOK OUT IN DUE TIME!**

ON leaving Stanhope, Nash county, N. C., it is offerred for sale at Public Auction, to the highest bidder on Thursday the 30th December, at 12 o'clock, Comment is unnecessary, as the operations of 6 years establish the fact that, it combines many advantages as a House of entertainment, private residence and country business place, &c., having a commodious dwelling, with all necessary out-houses, Store and office rooms, extensive shops, shelters and fixtures, and offers as many advantages to embark in Mercantile and Turpentine operations as any place in North Carolina. The quantity of land attached and terms of sale will be made liberal to suit the purchaser. Any specifications will be furnished by application to DANIEL S. CRENSHAW.

November 7th, 1852. 103—tf.

**Tar, Pitch and Turpentine.**

WE wish to hire 50 negroes to work in Turpentine in Williamsburg, South Carolina, for which we will pay fair prices, commencing 1st January, 1853. Address us at Stanhope, North Carolina.

CRENSHAW, ELIS & TAYLOR.

November 7th, 1852. 103—tf.

**HURRAH FOR CHATHAM!**

**NEW TOBACCO FACTORY AT PITTSBORO'.**

**LONG & BURNET,**

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Chatham and adjoining Counties that they have established

**A TOBACCO FACTORY**

in Pittsboro', and wish to purchase all kinds of Tobacco, viz: Common and Fine. For fine yellow Tobacco they are willing to pay liberal prices, from $6 to $12½, according to quality and color.

All those having Tobacco for sale will do well to give us a trial before selling elsewhere, as we are determined to give the full value for each quality.

Pittsborough. Feb. 4, 1853. 23—3m.

**North Carolina Manufactures.**

BATTLE & SON, Are still manufacturing, at the ROCKY MOUNT MILLS, N. C. about 300,000 lbs. *Cotton Yarns*, per annum (equal to the best Georgia Yarns,) which they will deliver to Merchants free of charge, at New York prices.

Orders addressed to Battle, & Son, Rocky Mount N. C., will receive prompt attention.

February, 1852. 29—1y.

**Boots and Shoes.**

CORK Sole Boots, with Double Uppers at the low price of $4,50. Double Sole Nailed Bottom Boots for Waggoners and Rail Road Hands. A large Stock of Double and Single Sole Brogans will be sold cheap. Ladies Shoes and Booters, Manufactured by Robinson & Co.

Call and examine our Stock before buying elsewhere.

SELBY & MURRAY.

**Hull's Tallow Candles.**

10 BOXES, Just received. Also, 5 Bags Old Java Coffee. J. BROWN.

Raleigh, February 14, 1853. 26—

**KNOW THE FACT!!!**

**EVANS & COOKE,**

WILL SELL GOODS,

AND SELL THEM RIGHT—AND NO MISTAKE.

WE are now receiveng our *Spring Goods*, and will soon have a beautiful assortment to offer our patrons—(many Goods finer than we have kept before,) consisting in part of the followfng:

Sup. Brocade Silks from $1 to $4 per yard,
Sat. Stripe Berages. Muslins from 10 cents to 50 cents, together with all goods for Ladies' wear,
Ladies Po. Hdkfs—from 10 cents to $15,
Goods for men's wear—*all sorts*,
A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing,
Hardware,
Boots and Shoes, every price and quality.

These goods will stand the *rub*, and, such as can be t on shelves without injury, and worn a—TIME WITHOUT SOILING—for sale at the old stand of

EVANS & COOKE,

No. 29, cheap place, next door to R. Smith's Corner.

March 10, 1853. 33

**LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES,**

**At Wholesale and Retail.**

WE respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent

**Stock of Leather and Findings,**

for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.

All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles, viz:

20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 doz. French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,
Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warranted to give satisfaction, and many other articles, too numerous to mention, at No. 21 Old street, apposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD,

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.

Petersburg, May 5, 1852. 52—tf.

**Artists' Materials.**

A FINE assortment of late importations from Paris and London, besides a handsome selection from the "Artist's Emporium," N. Y.

Twilled Canvass, 27, 30, and 36 inches in width,
Canvass on stretchers from 9, by 12, to 26 by 36,
Metallic Tubes of Paint, of all colors,
Artistis Brushes in sets of 24, or by the single brush,
Pallettes, Pallet Knives, and Pallette Cups,
Portable Easels, suitable for Teachers and Schools,
Japaned Boxes, with or without paints,
Faber's Lead Pencils.
India Rubber, white and black,
Crow-black Conti Crayons,
Paint Stones, Drying Oil, Mastic Varnish,
Graduated Paper for Pastil,
Pastil Crayons, a new and beautiful article in the fine arts,
Portfolios,
Transparent Slates for beginners in Drawing,
Drawing Books and Albums, &c.

A few beautiful and valuable Oil paintings by a celebrated Modern Artist.

At the N. C. Music Store.

Raleigh, Feb. 4, 1853. 24—

**CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL In Raleigh.**

THE Subscriber will open a School of this description in the City of Raleigh, on the 1st Monday in January next, strictly limited to *twenty-five* pupils. The Latin, Greek, and French languages will be soundly taught, with a thorough course of Mathematics. As the school is intended to be one of high grade, pupils will be expected to have already received some degree of preparatory instruction in the ordinary English branches.

The first session will be one of *five months*. Some half dozen boarders may be accomodated if preferred, in the Principal's family, at $12 per month.

Fees of Latin, Greek, and Mathematics, $25,00
French extra, 10,00

One half the above expenses will be expected invariably in advance. L. WADDELL.

February 5, 1853. 24—1y.

**MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.**

THE cost of Insurance on the mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with a joint stock Company. This Company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently much the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country. The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assessments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public.

At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year: James Sloan, President; S. G. Coffin, Vice President; C. P. Mendenhall, Attorney; Peter Adams, Secretary and Treasurer; W. H. Cunningham, General Agent.

PETER ADAMS, *Sec'y.*

December 10th, 1852. 7—1y

**NOTICE TO CONFECTIONERS.**

WE would respectfully inform our friends of Raleigh and vicinity that we are now in possession of a very extensive assortment of Fruits, Confectionaries, Toys, &c., and would advise all those who desire laying in their Christmas supplies to send in their orders early, so as there may be no difficulty in getting their articles forwarded by the Mail Trains. If delayed too long, owing to the grea quantity of goods to be sent by these trains for the Holiday's, some may be prevented.

SAMUEL H. MARKS & SON.

Petersburg, Va., December 15, 1852. 10—

**LATE PUBLICATION'S.**

AUNT Phillis's Cabin, or Southern Life as it is; by Mrs. Mary H. Eastman. The History of the Mormon's, or Latter Day Saints, in the Valley of the Tyrat Salt Lake, by Lieut. J. W. Germison, of the Topographical Engineers.

Received this day, at the N. C. Book-Store, by H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, Sept. 1st, 1852 85—

**Carpeting.**

DRAWING Room and Bed Room Carpets,
Stair Carpets,
Tufted and other rich Hearth Rugs,
Fancy printed Druggets for Crumb Cloths,
Rich fancy Piano and Table Covers.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

**Commission Business.**

THE undersigned will conduct a Foreign and Domestic Produce Commission business in the City of Petersburg, Va., under the firm of

STAINBACK & HARDEE.

Office, 3rd door West of Bollingbrook Hotel, North Side.

P. C. STAINBACK, W. H. HARDEE.

November 1st, 1852. 101—1y.

**Pomade Divine.** 6 doz. Bottles. Received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

**LACE GOODS.**

FRENCH worked Collars,
do do Capes,
do do Chemezette's,
do do Undersleeves,
Honiton Collars,
Muslin Bands,
Swiss and Cambrick Flouncings,
do do Edging and Inserting,
Valencieur do do do
Thread and Lisle do do do
Thread Bobbin do do do
Black and white Lace Veils, &c., &c.

W. H. & R. S TUCKER.

Raleigh, March 22d, 1853. 37—

**Mantillas and Shawls.**

PLAIN and Embroidred Silk Mantillas.
Black Silk Lace Mantillas, velvet trimmed,
do do do Points,
Figured do do Mantillas,
Plain and Embroidered Crape Shawls.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

**Ribbons! Ribbons!!**

RICH Bonnet, Neck, Sash and Taffeta Ribbons.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

**Bonnets.**

LATEST styles for Ladies and Misses.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

**Kid and Silk Gloves.**

65 DOZEN pair Ladies and Gents Kid Gloves,
12 do do do do Alexander Silk Gloves.
Real twisted Silk Gloves for Ladies and Misses.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

**Parasols and Umbrellas.**

BLACK and second mourning Silk Parasols,
Figured and solid colored do do
Black Silk and Gingham Umbrellas.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

**Hosiery.**

LADIES white and black Silk Hose,
do Spun do do do do
do Bleached and unbleached Cotton Hose,
do Black and lead colored do do
Misses and children's bleached, stripped and clock Hose,
Gents Eng Striped ½ Hose,
do half Hose, all colors,
Boys do do striped and plain.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Raleigh, March 22d, 1853. 37—

**SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, 1853.**

THE subscriber takes great pleasure in announcing to his friends, and the public generally, that recent arrivals have placed him in possession of a large and varied assortment of Foreign and Domestic Staple and Fancy Dry Goods; also Hardware, Cutlery, Queens-ware, Glass-ware, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and Groceries, which he offers for sale on reasonable terms. Having been carefully selected, and purchased by himself on the most favorable terms, he is persuaded he cannot be undersold by *fair* competition. He respectfully solicits a call from purchasers.

The following consists of a portion only of his stock

FOR GENTLEMEN.

Cloth Cassimeres and Vestings of nearly all shades, and prices; a complete assortment of Summer Goods for Boys.

FOR THE LADIES.

Black Gro de Rhine Silks,
" " " " Nap,
" " " " Soi,
Brocade, and other fancy silks,
Fancy, and Plain Silk Tissues,
" " " Barages,
" " " Shallys,
Plain Black Shallys, and other mourning Goods,
Fancy Barege De Laines,
" Organdi Muslins,
" French Lawns, and Jaconettes,
" Solid Color Lawns, and Jaconettes,
" Brilliantes,
" French and English Ginghams,
" French, English, and Domestic Prints in great variety;
Jaconette, Cambric, Nansook, Book, and Mull Muslins,
Bishop Lawn, Dotted and plain Swiss Muslins,
French Work Capes, Chemizettes and Collars,
French Work Lace, and Muslin Undersleeves,
Linen Cambric H'k'fs, a complete assortment,
Black Lace Mantillas,
Black Lace Shawls and Scarfs,
Black Lace Veils,
Black Crape and Mourning Veils,
Mourning Collars and Undersleeves,
Alexander's Fancy Black and White Kid Gloves,
" " " " " Silk "
A large assortment of Parasols and Umbrellas.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Raleigh, March 25, 1853. 38—

**Ingersoll's History of the 2d War.**

HISTORY of the Second War between the United States of America and Great Britain; declared by Act of Congress, the 18th of June, 1812, and concluded by Peace, the 15th of February, 1815; by CHARLES J. INGERSOLL. Second series, 2 vols. Embracing the events of 1814 and 1815.

For sale at the North Carolina Book-Store, by H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, March 22d, 1853. 37—

**NEW BOARDING HOUSE.**

THE Subscriber most respectfully announces to the Public that he has made arrangements to keep a

**Mechanic's Boarding House.**

It is his intention to pay strict attention to the comfort of all who may favor him with their patronage. He begs leave to say that none need apply except those of good habits. PATRICK McGOWAN.

Raleigh, March 15, 1853. 25—w3m.

**SPRING GOODS, 1853.**

I AM receiving my Spring Goods which I offer to my old customers, on the usual terms, and invite them and the public generally, to call and examine my stock.

I have received among other Goods, the following:

French worked Collars, new and old style,
Swiss and Cambric Insertings and Edgings,
Thread and Bobbin, Laces and Edgings,
Thread and Bobbin Insertings,
Linen Cambric, Long Lawn and Linen Cambric H'd'k'fs,
White Pongee and fancy Silk Pocket H'd'k'fs,
Ladies and Gentlemens' Gloves, a variety,
Tapes, Bobbin and Spool Cotton, Sewing Silk,
Black Lace Demi Veils.

J. BROWN,

No. 9, Fayetteville Street.

Raleigh, March 15, 1853. 34—

**PELELTIER'S SARSAPARILLA.** A fresh supply just received, and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

**Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.**

A FRESH supply of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, just received at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

**Bargains.**

200 PIECES Calicoes of all shades and prices.

For sale by J. BROWN.

March 28, 1853. 38—

50 CASKS Thomas'town Lime,
Ground Allum and Liverpool Salt,
Gun and Blasting Powder,
Two thousand feet safety fuse.
A lot of short handle shovels for Railroads.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

March 1, 1853 28—

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.]

## BAYARD TAYLOR'S LETTERS.

### LIFE IN BOMBAY.

BOMBAY, India, Saturday, Jan. 1, 1853.

Before reaching here, I had a slight foreshadowing of India life. The servants on the steamer being all Indians, and the passengers mostly belonging to the East India service, many peculiarities of every-day life were already familiar to me. I had mastered the mysteries of curry; I learned to say "tiffin" (from the verb *to tiff in?*) instead of "lunch;" I became accustomed to being addressed as "sahib," and even ventured so far into Hindustani, as to call out boldly at table: "*pani do!*" or: "*saf basan las!*" Thus the first bloom of the new land was lost to me—all those nameless slight peculiarities which surround you with an enchanted circle when you first plunge yourself into another climate and another race. Nevertheless, there was enough left to make my landing on Indian soil a circumstance of no ordinary character.

We came slowly up the splendid bay, until within half a mile of the town. The shores being low, nothing but an array of brown tiled roofs, and a small Gothic spire, was visible behind the crowd of vessels at anchor. On the other hand, however, the islands of Elephanta and Panwell, and the ranges of the Mahratta Ghauts, were gorgeously lighted up by the evening sun. But little time was allowed for admiring them; the anchor dropped, and a fleet of boats, conveying anxious friends and relatives, gathered about us. The deck was covered with pyramids of baggage, all was noise and confusion, here shouts of joy and there weeping, here meeting and there parting, many scenes of the drama of life enacted at the same moment. Finding myself left wholly to my own resources, I set about extricating myself from the bewilderment, and accepting the first native who addressed me, I embarked for the shore before the other passengers had thought of leaving. "Rupees," said the master of the boat, holding up three of his fingers. "*Ek*," (one) I answered. Up went two fingers. "*Ek*." And so I went ashore for one. We came to a stone pier, with a long flight of steps leading down to the water. The top of it was thronged with natives in white dresses and red turbans. Among them were the runners of the hotels, and I soon found the one I wanted. At a small customs office on the pier, my baggage was passed unexamined, on my declaring that I had but two pounds of Turkish tobacco. A line of cabs, buggies and palanquins with their bearers was drawn up on the pier, and in order to be be as Indian as possible, I took one of the latter.

It was not a pleasant sensation to be at full length in a cushioned box, and impose one's whole weight (and I am by no means a feather) upon the shoulders of four men. It is a conveyance invented by Despotism, when men's necks were foot stools and men's heads playthings. I have never yet been able to get into it without a feeling of reluctance, as if I were inflicting an injury on my bearers. Why should they groan and stagger under my weight, when I have legs of my own?—and yet, I warrant you, nothing would please them more than for me to use those legs. They wear pads on the shoulders, on which rests the pole to which the palanquin is suspended, and go forward at a slow, sliding trot, scarcely bending their knees or lifting their feet from the ground. The motion is agreeable, yet as you are obliged to lie on your back, you have a very imperfect view of the objects you pass. You can travel from one end of India to another in this style, but it is an expensive and unsatisfactory conveyence, and I shall never use it.

As I was borne along, I saw, through the corners of my eyes, that we passed over a moat and through a heavy stone gateway. I then saw the bottoms of a row of fluted Grecian pillars—a church, as I have since found—then shops, very much in the European style, except that turbaned Hindoos and mitred Parsees stood in the doors, and finally my bearers came to a halt in a wooden verandah, where I was received by Mr. Pallanjee, the host of the British Hotel. I was ushered up lofty flights of wooden steps to the third story, and installed in a small room, overlooking a wide prospect of tiled roofs, graced here and there with a cocoa-nut or brab palm. The partitions to the rooms do not reach the ceiling; there are no glass windows, but merely blinds, and every breeze that comes sweeps through the whole house. The servants are mostly Portuguese, from Goa, but as India is especially the country of servant and master, every person is expected to have one for his own use. I chose a tall Hindoo, with one red streak and two white ones (the signs of caste) on his forehead, who, for half a rupee daily, acts as guide, interpreter, messenger and valet de chambre. Nothing can exceed the respect shown to Europeans by the native servants. They go far beyond the Arab and Turkish domestics of the East, or even the slaves in Egypt. No Russian serf could have a greater reverence for his lord. As a natural consequence of this, they are noted for their fidelity; the ayahs, or nurses, are said to be the best in the world.

Bombay, as a city, presents few points of interest to a traveler. It is wholly of modern growth, and more than half European in its appearance. It is divided into two parts—the Fort, as it is called, being inclosed within the old Portuguese fortifications, and surrounded by a moat. It is about a mile in length, extending along the shore of the bay. Outside of the moat is a broad esplanade, beyond which, on the northern side, a new city has grown up. The fortifications are useless as a means of defense, the water of the moat breeds musketos and fevers, and I do not understand why the walls should not have been leveled, long since. The city within the Fort is crowded to excess. Many of the streets are narrow, dark and dirty, and as the houses are all of wood, it is exposed to much danger from fire. The population and trade of Bombay have increased so much within the last few years, that this keeping up of old defenses is a great inconvenience. So far are the old practices preserved, that at one particular gate, where there was a powder magazine twenty years ago, no person is permitted to smoke. Southward of the Fort is a tongue of land—formerly the island of Colaba, but now connected by a causeway—on which stands the lighthouse. To the north-west, beyond the city, rises Malabar Hill, a long, low height, looking upon the open ocean, and completely cover with the gardens and country-houses of the native and European merchants.

The mainland is distant from Bombay about fifteen miles, across the bay. Steamers run daily to Panwell, whence there is a mail coach to Poonah, the old Mahratta capital, about 70 miles distant. Northward of the Island of Bombay, however, lies the large Island of Salsette, which is connected with it by two causeways, and Salsette has lately been united to the main-land by a bridge, the strait, at the northern point of the island, being less than half a mile wide. This bridge was built by the East Indian Railroad Company, who have already finished thirty-five miles of the great road which is to connect Bombay and Calcutta. The rails are laid as far as Tanna, and the trains will commence running in a month or two. The Engineers are now busy in laying out that part of the line which crosses the Ghauts, after which the construction of the road will be attended with comparatively little difficulty. The East India Company guarantees 5 per cent. annually on the stock, for the periods of twenty years, owing to which encouragement, (without which, indeed, the undertaking were impossible,) shares are now at a premium.

During the few days I have been here, I have made some acquaintances among the English residents, to whom I am indebted for much cordial hospitality. The English in India are said to be the most hospitable people in the world, even to those who bring no letters of introduction. The kindness of my friends, and especially of Captain R. Baird Smith, of the Bengal Engineers, has supplied me with letters for all the principal towns in the interior, so that I have double assurance of a friendly reception. I believe there are no American merchants in Bombay, nor even a Consul. Appointments have been made, and Consuls have come out here, but none of them seem to make any stay. The last one appointed Mr. Dossabhoy Merwanjee, one of the principal Parsee merchants, his agent, but he has no authority to act in a Consular capacity. The house of Dossabhoy Merwanjee & Co., however have been actively engaged in American trade, most of the vessels which come out from our ports being consigned to them. I am indebted to the members of the firm for kindness and hospitality which I shall not soon forget. The only American residents at present, are Rev. Mr. Allen and other Missionaries, who have established a school and church, and Mr. Moore, the agent of the Boston ice merchant, and therefore a man of some importance in this hot climate. The ice is preserved in a large stone rotunda, and sold at the rate of four annas (12 cents) the pound. The consumption is increasing, much use of it being now made by the physicians, and with the best effect.

My good fortune in making the acquaintance of Dossabhoy, Merwanjee, and other members of the celebrated Lowjee Family, to which he belongs, has given me some insight into native society here—an imperfect experience, it is true, but enough to satisfy me that in none of the English works on India which I have read has justice been done to the character of the native population. The Parsees especially, form a community distinguished for its intelligence, enterprise and public spirit. It would be no exaggeration to say that more than half the wealth of Bombay is in the hands of this class, which comprises less than 10,000 souls, out of a population of 400,000. Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, the Parsee Baronet, presents one of the most striking examples of commercial success, to be found in the history of any country. This gentleman, whose splendid benevolence has imperishably connected his name with his native city, was the son of a poor man, and commenced his career in life as a buyer and seller of empty bottles. By prudence, economy and intelligence he rose from one success to another, till at present his fortune is estimated at three crores of rupees (15,000,000.) He has given away in charities of various kinds upwards of $2,000,000, and scarcely a day passes without recording some further evidence of his generosity. Among other works which owe their existence to him—and for which he was Knighted by the Queen, being the first native who ever received that distinction—are the Hospital which bears his name, the causeway from Bombay Island to Salsette, (called Lady Jamsetjee's Causeway,) and the aqueduct for supplying the City of Poonah with water. He is now verging upon his eightieth year, and very infirm. His eldest son, Cursetjee, inherits his enterprise and boldness, and possesses a large fortune of his own making. Another of his sons has distinguished himself as a Persian scholar, and has published a work on the Era of Zorcaster.

Dr. Bhawoo Dajee, a distinguished Hindoo physician, of whom I shall have more to say, kindly accompanied me to Sir Jamsetjee's town residence, a large and elegant mansion within the fort. The old gentleman was absent, but we were received by his son Sorabjee, who inquired after Mr. Charles Morton, of Cambridge, and showd me a *North American Riview*, containing Mr. N.'s biography of Sir Jamsetjee. The residence is very elegantly furnished, in a style combining European comfort with Oriental display. Portraits of the different members of the family occupied the walls, and in the center of the principal saloon stood a splendid testimonial, in wrought silver, three feet high, presented to Jamsetjee by three of the Bombay merchants.

The Parsees settled on the Malabar Coast about eight centuries ago, after their expulsion from Persia. They are, as is well known, followers of Zoroaster, recognizing one Good and one Evil Principle, who contend for the mastery of the Universe. They worship the sun, as the representative of God, fire in all its forms, and the sea. Their temples contain no images, but only the sacred fire, and though they have fixed days for the performance of various rites, they repeat their prayers every morning, soon after sunrise. The dead are neither buried nor burned, but exposed to the air within a walled inclosure, on the summit of a hill. The bodies of the rich are proted by a wire screen, until wasted away, but those of the poor are soon devoured by birds of prey. The children are generally married at from two to five years of age, and brought up together, until of a proper age to assume the duties of married life. Most of the marriages are celebrated at this time of the year, and the streets continually resound with the music of the bridal processions. First comes a string of palanquins and carriages, filled with children of both sexes—and very beautiful are the Parsee children—clad in silk bespangled with gold, and with pearl and emerald ornaments in their ears. Then a band of native musicians, generally playing "Lucy Long," or "Carry me back," &c.; after them the bridal dowry, covered with massive extinguishers of silver, and the procession is closed by a concourse of women, whose splendid mantels of scarlet, crimson, orange, yellow and purple silk, gleam in the sun

"Like tulip beds, of different dyes,
Bending beneath the west-wind's sighs."

My friend Cursetjee Merwanjee, accompanied me the other day in a drive around the environs of Bombay. After passing the esplanade, which is thickly dotted with the tents of the military and the bamboo cottages of the officers, we entered the outer tower, inhabited entirely by the natives. The houses are two or three stories in height, with open wooden verandahs in front, many of which have a dark, mellow old look, from the curiously carved posts and railing of black-wood which adorn them. Mixed with the houses are groups of the beautiful cocoa-palm, which rise above their roofs and hang their feathery crowns above the crowded highway. Outside of the town all is shade and the splendor of tropical bloom. The roads are admirable, and we rolled smoothly along in the cool twilight of embowered cocoa, brab and date palms, between whose pillard trunks the afternoon sun poured streams of broad golden light. The crimson sagittaria flaunted its flame-like leaves on the terraces; a variety of the acacia hung thick with milky pendulous blossoms, and every gateway disclosed an avenue of urns leading up to some suburban palace, all overladen with gorgeous southern flowers. We rode thus for miles around and over Malabar Hill, and along the shores of the Indian Ocean, till the hills of Salsette, empurpled by the sunset, shone in the distance like the mountains of fairy land.

I had thought the Government of Egypt despotic, for taxing the poor Nubians a piastre and a-half (7½ cents) annually for each of their date trees, but the East India Company exacts from one to three rupees (50 cents to $1 50) on each tree according to its quality. As the principal produce of the trees is *tari*, a kind of palm wine, used only by the natives. Such a tax appears enormous, and gives color to what I have already heard, that the resources of the country are mercilessly drained by the Company, for the purpose of carrying out its expensive system of annexation, and at the same time paying the regular yearly dividend to the shareholders. However, let me not prejudge the Company or its servants. India should be better under the security of English rule, than under its former horde of petty sovereigns and their devastating war, and I shall no doubt find some good to overbalance the evil which is inseparable from the present system.

In the course of our excursion we visited a Hindoo Temple on the western shore of the island. It is dedicated to the five principal divinities, each of whom has his separate shrine. We were not permitted to go further than the doors, but the attendants removed the hangings and showed us the figures of the gods. Their names were in the Mahratta language, and I do not remember the Sanscrit appellation of any except Maha-deo. The temple occupied the summit of a small hill, and was approached by ghauts, or flights of steps, of hewn stone. Near it there a much older shrine, with an image in a dark recess. A tiger, rudely sculptured, sat in the outer porch, facing it. Several bells hung from the roof, and each of the natives who accompanied us rang one of these, both on passing in and out.

Dr. Bhawoo Dajee took me to visit the Jamsebjee Jeejeebhay Hospital, the name of which declares its founder. It is a one story stone building, in the Gothic style, and divided into a number of wards, where the destitute Christian, Jewish, Hindoo, Parsee or Mahommedan invalid is taken in and well cared for. There were about 300 patients at the time of my visit. The hospital is very clean, kept in excellent order, and the patients appeared to be enjoying as much comfort as was possible, in their condition. Opposite the Hospital is the Grant Medical College, an excellent institution, which is attended at present by about thirty native students. Bhawoo Dajee himself is a graduate of this College, where he received the gold metal, and was besides awarded a prize of 600 rupees for an essay on Infanticide. As a physician and surgeon he is among the first of his class in Bombay, and in that refinement and liberality which distinguishes the gentleman and the scholar, he would be a noted man anywhere. I esteem it a particular good fortune which brought me to his acquaintance.

I must here close, but have not yet done with Bombay.

B. T.

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At St. Petersburg, at the close of La Sonnambula, in which Mme. Viardot performed, the Emperor of Russia left his box and went on the stage at the close of the second act. He offered Mme. Viardot his arm, and led her to the imperial box, where he presented her to the Empress and the Grand Dutchess. He presented her also with a superb ornament, and she was afterwards called out before the curtain twenty times.

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From the Railroad Times.

## THE ADVANCE IN THE PRICE OF IRON.

The sudden and great advance which has recently taken place in the price of railroad iron, is a circumstance of unusual importance to various interests of this country. In less than a year the price of railroad iron in Great Britain—which is the principal seat of its manufacture and its controlling market—has advanced from £5 or $25 to £10 or $50 per ton. There is every reason to believe that it will continue to rise, and not stop short of £12 or £14 per ton. Six years ago iron went up in much the same way, rising in a very brief period from £5 to £12 per ton. This advance then was produced as it is now, by the projecting and constructing of a great number of railroads, with the essential difference that the mania at that period was confined chiefly to England, whereas now it is diffused over many countries, raging most furiously in our own, and embracing a much vaster aggregate of projects. The railroads in progress which produced the great advance in iron in 1847, did not exceed 3000 miles in aggregate length, though a much larger amount was projected, and afterwards partially abandoned. The investment of capital in these British railroads caused the most disastrous commercial revulsion ever experienced in Great Britain. It ruined many hundreds of her richest merchants, and produced a long continued prostration of every industrial interest, from which it required years of patient labor and economy to recover.

From the best information accessible to the public, it appears to be quite certain that there are now in progress, and actual course of construction, in Europe and America, at least twenty thousand miles of iron railroad, besides a vast amount of projected railroads not yet begun, which we do not take into account. Of this amount of railroad in progress, 5,000 belongs to Europe, and 14,000 at least, to this country, exclusive of more than 1000 miles now constructing in Canada. We have seen a list made out of the railroads now under way in each State, which amounts in the aggregate to more than 13,000 miles, and which list has understated rather than overstated the truth, for in this State alone it omits 60 miles of railroad in actual construction, and has made similar omissions as to other States. However incredible the aggregate may appear at first sight, it is impossible for the most careful scrutiny to make any deduction from it.

Railroads require at least one hundred miles of iron for a single track, and of the roads in progress in Europe 1000 will be double track roads. It follows from this that the railroads now in progress of construction in Europe and America will require for their completion no less than two millions and four hundred thousand tons of iron. To make this quantity will occupy all the rolling mil's in the world, which are engaged in the manufacture of railroad iron, at least six years—those of Great Britain furnishing three-fourths, and the United States, France, and Belgium the remaining fourth. The best authorities do not estimate the largest quantity of railroad iron in any one year even as high as 400,000 tons, yet even at this rate it will take six years to furnish iron for the roads already begun.

The necessary consequence of this state of things is, that the price of railroad iron will not only keep up, but further advance, and be maintained at very high prices for a very long time. This will make the manufacture of railroad iron the best manufacturing business that can be undertaken in this country for some years, for it is affirmed on the best authority, that the article which is now selling at $70, with every prospect of advancing at least to $80 per ton, pays a fair profit to the maker of $50 per ton.

The advance in iron will nearly double the cost of many of the railways at the west and south, for the cost of grading upon some of them was less permile than the cost of the iron, even before it advanced. The profit to a few of the companies which have secured their iron at low prices will be very large. The English railroad companies are now compelled to pay $10 per ton more for their iron at home, than the price at which our railroad companies were enabled to obtain it about a year ago, freight and duties included.

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## ACTION OF GUANO ON TOBACCO.

A subscriber, says the Richmond Enquirer, furnishes us with the following interesting letter, relative to the importance of guano in raising heavy crops of tobacco. The letter, at this season, particularly, cannot be otherwise than interesting to all growers of tobacco:

CUMBERLAND, Feb. 8, 1853.

MY DEAR SIR: Yours of the 10th ult. did not reach me till last Saturday, in consequence of having been directed to Farmville, instead of Stony Point Mills; and I take the earliest opportunity to reply to it.

My experiment in growing such a heavy crop of tobacco last year, has attracted a great deal of attention, and I take pleasure in detailing it for the benefit of the planting interest of the State. The ground was pretty liberally dressed with home-made manures, from my stables, farm-pens and pits, as I think ought always to be done, if we would grow tobacco profitably. When I was going to bed the land for hilling or rubbing down, which I prefer, I sowed on each acre the following mixture: 2 bushels sifted Peruvian Guano, weighing, I judge, about one hundred pounds, intimately mixed with one bushel ground alum salt. I then mixed 2½ bushels Mexican Guano—weighing, I suppose, one hundred and sixty or one hundred and seventy pounds—and 1½ bushels of Kettlewell's Mixture of Potash and Plaster, or about one hundred and fifty or one hundred and sixty pounds; and shovelled them all well together, and sowed the mixture broadcast. The cost of the whole was about $6 25 per acre. The crop that was planted in good time—I was scarce of plants, and the seasons very difficult—I am sure gave me two thousand pounds per acre. The tobacco was topped from eighteen to twenty-five leaves, and ripened remarkably well to the top leaf, without firing. The tobacco was cultivated for the manufacturers, and is of very fine quality, and remarkably sweet.

My reasons for this mode of cultivation are few and simple. Our old lands in this region, and, I doubt not generally in middle Virginia, are more deficient in phosphates and potash than any other of the mineral manures; and the tobacco plant must have these elements in order to ripen it well. The Peruvian Guano has but a small part of its value in phosphates—only about one-sixth, and five-sixths of its money value, or near $40 to the ton, in ammonia, which powerfully stimulates the growth of tobacco, without causing it to ripen, or without giving it the healthy growth which will secure it against firing. The Mexican Guano is the richest that has been brought to the country in phosphates, containing 57 to 60 per cent., and only one or two per cent. of ammonia. Consequently about five-sixths of its money value is in the phosphates, and about one-sixth in the ammonia. This suggested the idea of mixing the two! The salt was put with the Peruvian to fix the ammonia, and to furnish the muriates and the soda. But the tobacco plant specially needs potash, especially in its ripening process—the outer coat of the stalk and the stems being formed principally of silecíate of potash. Thus you see, at a glance, what I aimed to accomplish by my mixture.

The success was beyond my expectations. It was the heaviest crop of tobacco I ever saw—and so said every one who saw it.

The Mexican Guano can be had at Baltimore, at $25 per ton, of 2240 pounds. Sterling & Ahrens deal in it. The Potash and Plaster, Mr. Kettlewell of Baltimore prepares, and sells at $2 50 cts. per barrel, of about 320 pounds.

I lost, I may say, no tobacco by fire, while every one of my neighbors had to cut their crops for fire.

With high regard, yours very truly,

J. S. ARMISTEAD.

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A SAD AND UNWORTHY FATE. Among the Egyptian curiosities of Dr. Abbott, now exhibiting in New York, are many large blocks of finely sculptured stone. The most beautifully executed of these, representing the return of one of the Pharaohs in triumph from a distant war, dating back nearly 2,000 years before Christ, was obtained and transported at great expense. But after resisting the tooth of time for 3,000 years, and escaping all the perils of Egypt and the ocean, a heedless carman in New York dumped it carelessly on the pavement, breaking it in pieces.

*American Messenger.*

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Rev. Dr. Wayland, President of Brown University, has been examining the table tipping experiments, usually attributed to electricity or spirits. He decides that it is not electricity, but thinks it is governed by some heretofore undiscovered law of nature.

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It is stated that the salaries of the various offices within the gift of the President of the United States, amount to upwards of fifty millions of dollars a year.

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CALIFORNIA, AUSTRALIA, AND THE COST OF REACHING THEM. We have received many more letters than we can find time to answer, asking us which is the best way of reaching California and Australia—what is the total cost of the voyage—which country proffers the greatest inducements to immigrants, &c. We cannot answer these questions so fully and accurately as we should prefer to, but here is a part of the information desired:

### CALIFORNIA.

The U. S. Mail Steamship Line (Howland & Aspinwall's) despatches a steamship from this port to Navy Bay, Aspinwall, (Isthmus of Darien, near Chagres, and the Atlantic terminus of the unfinished Panama Railroad) on the 5th, 13th, 20th and 28th of each month. When the regular day of sailing falls on Sunday, the vessel is detained till next day. The rates of passage bp this route are as follows:

First Cabin $200, Second Cabin $150
Steerage $85.

These prices do *not* include the price of traversing the Isthmus, which is said to be $10 to $25, and is probably much nearer the latter sum that the former. Passengers are landed free of charge at the Railroad Depot, Aspinwall, whence they must make their own way to Panama as they see fit. The Panama Rail road now takes them about half way across (to Gorgona) in two or three hours, for $5; thence the only conveyance is by mules over a horrible road. This Isthmus route has baen very sickly the past winter, but we believe is now less so, but it never will be healthy, and can only be rendered tolerable by the rapid coursing of the Iron Horse. The completion of the Panama Railroad is promised for next August, when the horrors of 'the middle passage' will be at an end. Arrived at Panama, the Pacific steamers of this line will generally be found in readiness to take passengers to San Francisco—we cannot now remember a complaint of unreasonable detention preferred against this line within a year past. Its agent here is Charles A. Whitney, 177 West-st. Each passenger is allowed 250 lbs. of baggage free on the steamboat on each ocean; but he must run his own risk with it on the Isthmus.

The Nicaragua or Vanderbilt's line crosses the Isthmus from San Juan de Nicaragua to San Juan del Sur, by way of the River San Juan and Lake Nicaragua. The water route on this line is nearly 1,000 miles shorter than by Panama, but the Isthmus is here 200 miles wider. The difference in time between New York and San Francisco on these routes respectively is slight, but we think the Nicararagua has rather the advantage. Better allow a month for either. Its rates of passage, (including transit of person across the Isthmus,) are as follows:

First Cabin, $300; Second do., $225 to $250; Steerage (upper) $120 to $160; Steerage (lower) $110.

Passengers board themselves from ship to ship in crossing the Isthmus. They are allowed 25 lbs of baggage across free; for all over that weight, 15 cts. per pound is charged. New York agent, C. Vanderbilt, 9 Battery-place.

There are two Opposition Lines by way of Panama, of one of which the agency is with Davis, Brooks & Co. 26 Broadway; the other E. Mills, 51 Cortlandt-st. We believe both of these are responsibly managed, but we are not well informed with regard to them. They advertise through tickets at low rates, and regular connections with Pacific steamers at Panama.

### AUSTRALIA.

There are ships departing from our port each week for Sydney, Melbourne or some other Australian port; nearly all of which are advertised in our Daily, and some (we presume) from time to time in our Weekly edition. Our country friends may as well consult the Daily when they wish to ascertain at what time the next ship is to sail. The rates of passage vary, but are generally as follows:

Saloon, $200 to $250. First Cabin, $150 to $200.
Second Cabin, $125 to $140,

and still lower rates for steerage, where such are taken. But he must be very needy or very greedy who would wish to take a cheaper and less comfortable passage than a Second Cabin. There are vessels which offer to carry cheaper than the above rates, but they are generally small or slow sailers. The regular packets sail on the 1st of every month. Provisions are included in the price, where not otherwise specified. The length of the voyage is nearly as great as that to California around Cape Horn—say from 100 to 150 days—oftener over than under 120. One or two steamships are advertised to make the voyage this season, and will probably make it in 60 or 90 days, but they charge higher rates than sailing vessels.

The following general hints should be considered by those seeking passages to either of the Golden countries:

1. Have no dealings with runners of any sort. 2. Buy no tickets of strolling agents, or other than responsible persons. 3. Always pay your money into the *office* of some respectable company or shipping house, and be sure that you receive in turn the proper acknowledgement. 4. Take no ticket or receipt that does not specify the day of sailing, and none that specifies, "Accidents by the sea excepted." No such stipulation is needed to give the owners all proper protection in case of such accident. 5. Always visit and examine the ship, if possible, before taking passage, and if you don't know a staunch, safe, good sailer, have some nautical friend go with you and give you his opinion of her qualities. The voyage will be long enough, tedious enough, at best; and a week's delay at the start for the best vessel in port may land you a month earlier. 6. If you are assured that a vessel will sail within a day or two, and see that she has not a third of a cargo on board, it is safe to apprehend that she is not off yet, and will not be for a week or two. 7. If you should not reach your Ophir these six months, you need not fear that the Gold will all be dug when you get there. 8. If you fancy you are going where money can be made without hard work, and that destitute, broken-down, disappointed, despairing people are not as plentiful in California or Australia as here, you are doomed to be sadly disappointed.

*N. Y. Tribune.*

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LITERARY INTELLIGENCE. Mr. Cralle, the editor of the writings of the late John C. Calhoun, has been in town for a few weeks superintending the preparations for a second and third volume of that work, which are shortly to appear from the press of the Appletons. These volumes will be occupied exclusively with speeches. We understand that the correspondence which Mr. Calhoun left behind him was very voluminous, and related to a great variety of subjects besides politics. It will follow the speeches, and promises to awaken a new interest in the memory of the distinguished statesman.

Mr. Cralle has also a voluminous collection of anecdotes and memoranda of conversations which Mr. Calhoun made during a close intimacy of some thirty years, which he will incorporate as far as may be practicable in a biography upon which he is engaged at the request of his distingaished friend.

Prominent as Calhoun was during the greater part of the last two generations, before the country, and familiar as his views upon most political questions are to the American people, it is singular how little is known of his inner life; of his views upon the various problems of humanity; of religion, of art, and of man's social relations and dependencies. Upon all these subjects he is said to have conversed freely with his intimate friends, and to have displayed far more interest in such discussions than he seemed to feel in the current strifes of politics, by which he is principally known. When Mr. Cralle's biography appears, of which, however, we regret to say there is no prospect for some five or six years, it will probably reveal aspects of Mr. Calhoun's mind with which few of his countrymen were acquainted.

Mr. Sparks, the historian, is editing, a series of letters, which he entitles "Correspondence of the Revolution," written by eminent men to George Washington during the period between his taking command of the American army and his death. The volume will embrace letters from more than a hundred correspondents, selected by the editor and copied from the original manuscript while he was preparing "Washington's Writings" for the press. They may, in fact, be regarded as a continuation of that work, many of them being answers to Washington's letters, and all of them treating about subjects or events in which he was immediately concerned. They will appear in a few days from the press of Little, Brown & Co., of Boston.

*N. Y. Post.*

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A MAIL ROBBER. S. F. J. Levy, alias J. French, who was arrested in Atlanta, Ga., on the 1st of April, on suspicion of having robbed the mails, confessed and delivered up some four thousand dollars of the money. He is said to be a special agent of the Post office department, and a relative of a distinguished Senator in Congress from Kentucky.

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## DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN WAYNE.

Pursuant to public notice a large meeting of the Democracy of Wayne was held in the Court-House at Goldsborough, on Tuesday, the 5th of April. On motion, Etheldred Sauls, Esq., was called to the Chair, and Wm. B. Gulick, appointed Secretary.

On motion of Wm. T. Dortch, Esq., a Committee of five was appointed by the Chair, to report resolutions for the action of the meeting. The Chairman appointed on the Committee Messrs. Wm. T. Dortch, Bunyan Barnes, John Everett, Lewis Whitfield and Dr. Jethro Murphy; and on further motion, Messrs. Wm. Robinson and Wm. B. Gulick were added to the Committee.

During the absence of the Committee, the meeting was addressed by Geo. S. Stevenson and S. J. Person, Esq'rs.

The Committee then returned and presented the following preamble and resolutions for the consideration of the meeting:

WHEREAS, The last Legislature so arranged this, the 2d Congressional District, as to give it a Democratic majority of over two thousand, and the time is now approaching when the duty will devolve upon its citizens to elect a representative in Congress: Be it

*Resolved*, That to ensure harmony of action, and to enable the views of the Democracy of all the counties of the District to be fully considered, this meeting of the Democracy of Wayne recommend a Convention to be held, composed of Delegates from the different counties, who shall select a suitable person to receive the suffrages of the people at the election in August next.

*Resolved*, That Newbern is recommended as the most suitable place, and Thursday, the 9th day of June next, the most convenient time, for holding the proposed Convention.

*Resolved*, That the chairman of this meeting appoint sixty delegates to represent Wayne County in said Convention.

*Resolved*, That this meeting expresses its full and perfect confidence in the two citizens of Wayne who have on former occasions been the standard-bearers of the party in the Congressional Canvass, and hereby return to them their hearty thanks for their valuable services in defence of the principles of the Democratic party: That the Democracy of Wayne recommend to the favorable consideration of the Convention, Col. THOMAS RUFFIN, as a suitable person to receive the nomination, and the delegates from this county are hereby instructed to support him as their first choice.

*Resolved*, That we will abide the decision of the Convention, and cheerfully support its nominee.

*Resolved*, That this meeting hails the election of Gen. Franklin Pierce to the Presidency of the Republic, by the almost unanimous voice of the States, as a guaranty of the preservation of the Union, and a pledge on the part of the people to uphold the Constitution in all its parts.

*Resolved*, That the principles embraced in the Baltimore Democratic Platform of 1852, we regard as embodying the principles of the Democratic party, and that we continue to adhere to them with unyielding firmnesss; and that the views and policy to foreshadowed in the Inaugural address of President Pierce, receive the hearty approval of this meeting.

Some conversation followed on the propriety of making a recommendation of a candidate, after which, the resolutions were adopted as reported.

The following gentlemen were appointed by the Chairman delegates to represent Wayne County in the Convention:

*Black Creek*—Dr. Brooks, Elias Barnes, Bunyan Barnes, Amos Horn, John Hays.

*Nahunta*—John V. Sherard, A. G. Persons, Benj. Barden, Jas. Hooks.

*Davis'*—Lawrence Sauls, Wm. J. Exum, Jas. M. Gardner, Henry Martin, William Thompson, Burket Barnes.

*Boswell's*—Thos. A. Deans, Hardy Yelverton, Barnes Aycock, Troy Hooks.

*Fork*—B. F. Hooks, Dr. J. Murphrey, John Cameron, Willie Cox.

*Cross Roads*—Gen. C. H. Brogden, Everett Smith, Hiram Grantham, Samuel Smith.

*Buck Swamp*— John Smith, Kinchen Britt, C. A. Blackman, Jas. R. Parker, Jas. Odom.

*Indian Springs*—Jas. F. Kornegay, Sam'l Loftin, Lewis Whitfield, Wm. Caraway, D. B. Everett, Dr. James M. Davis, John Everett, Allen Whitfield.

*Newhope*—John Wooten, R. D. Hinson, James Hanly, Waitman Thompson.

*Saulston*—Wm. Lewis, Z. L. Thompson, G. W. Thompson, W. H. Gardner, Giles Smith.

*Stony Creek*—T. T. Hollowell, Gard. Thompson, D. C. Pate, Thos. Edwards, Coor P. Pate.

*Goldsboro'*—Wm. T. Dortch, Wm. K. Lane, Wm. Robinson, Wm. B. Gulick, Dr. John W. Davis, Wm. R. Bridgers, Wm. C. Bryan, Wm. B. Fields, R. Edmundson, Col. C. J. Nelson, E. A. Thompson, S. D. Phillips, Col. W. S. G. Andrews, N. S. Richardson.

On motion the proceedings of this meeting were ordered to be published in the *Repvblican and Patriot*, with a request to the Tarboro' *Southerner* to copy.

The thanks of the meeting were then tendered to the Chairman and Secretary, when on motion of Wm. Robinson, the meeting adjourned, *sine die*.

E. SAULS, *Ch'n.*

W. B. GULICK, *Sec'y.*

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ANECDOTE OF A SAILOR OF GEN. JACKSON. A Lousiana paper publishes an anecdote of Gen. Jackson and one of his soldiers which is too good be lost as follows:

After the battle of New Orleans, Lacoste, a warm friend of Gen. Jackson, desired an introduction to Commodore Barron, and for that reason he went to Gen. Jackson to get a letter of recommendation or introduction, which the old Gen. cheerfully gave him, in his usually frank manner. Lacoste, however, did not present the letter, and one of his friends, who happened to know of the circumstance, asked him what he did with it. He replied that he had it in his pocket, "and by gar," says he, "I would not give the recommendation of old Jackson to see forty commodores!"

The letter was a very flattering one, and to this day is in the possession of the Lacoste family.

On seeing this, the New Orleans Delta adds a similar one of Major Devezac. He was an applicant for office under Mr. Polk. Meeting Gen. Armstrong at Washington, he immediately inquired after the health of his old commander.

"He is tolerably well," was the reply of Gen. Armstrong, "and his last words to me before my parting were—"Tell Col. Polk not to forget my old friend, Major Davezac."

"Did he say that?" eagerly inquired the gallant veteran.

"Yes, he did," responded General A.

"Then," exclaimed the enthusiastic Croole, the office may go to the d—l. I wouldn't give the pleasure of being spoken of by such a man for all the offices in the gift of the President."

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THE "BLACK SWAN." Some *kind* friend in New York says the Petersburg Express, has sent us a portrait of this "*musical celebrity*" with a brief sketch of her life. If the representation sent us on paper be correct, she is black as tar, and weighs about 220 pounds, avoirdupois weight. Her head is almost entirely covered with white flowers, laces, frills, furbeloes, etc. What a contrast between white flowers and a darkie's wool! She must have looked decidedly interesting, before the New Yorkers, in full concert dress. We suppose Mr. Greeley of the Tribune enjoyed the scene and the music very much. But the "Black Swan," we perceive by yesterday's northern papers has sailed for England. The Duchess of Sutherland, Mrs. Harriet Beecher, and others, will now enjoy the pleasure of hearing her dulcet strains. The following is the account of her departure:

NEW YORK, April 9.

The "Black Swan" sailed in the Cunard steamer Asia, on Wednesday. She engaged a first cabin state-room, and was accompanied by her manager, Mr. Kemp, (white) two serving women, (white,) and a young serving man, (white.) She consented to sing for the colored people, provided they would make the necessary arrangements, but they insisted that she should foot the bills, and give them receipts, which she declined doing.

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Geo. P. Burnham, Esq., deserves the thanks of his countrymen for his efforts in preserving the peace between Great Britain and the United States, by the present of a pair of fowls to Queen Victoria, for which she has returned him her portrait.

In old times of strife
The troubles of life
Were settled by means of the bullet;
But these latter days,
We fear no such frays,
When the symbol of peace is a pullet.

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## COMMON SENSE.

She came among the glittering crowd—
A maiden fair, without pretence—
And when they asked her humble name,
She whispered mildly, "Common Sense."

Her modest garb drew every eye,
Her ample cloak, her shoes of leather—
And when they sneered, she simply said,
"I dress according to the weather."

They argued long and reasoned loud,
In dubious Hindoo phrase mysterious,
While she, poor child, could not divine
Why girls so young should be so serious.

They knew the length of Plato's beard,
And how the scholars wrote in Saturn—
She studied authors not so deep,
And took the Bible for her pattern.

And so she said, "Excuse me, friends,
I find all have their proper places,
And Common Sense should stay at home,
With cheerful heart and smiling faces."

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## SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
### FOR 1853.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public generally, that he has recently returned from the Northern Cities, and is daily receiving his SPRING and SUMMER supplies, embracing every thing new and beautiful, all of which were selected with great care, purchased on favorable terms and will be sold at low rates.

He is at this time inreceipt of the following: Black, brown, blue, olive, green and other cloths of various grades:

Semoni, bl'k doeskin cas., fancy casimere, a beautiful assortment, some very pretty Vestings, of every variety and style.

Light silk Vestings for Weddings and Parties, very rich, Cravats, Stocks and Ties, plain and fancy, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, silk and cotton half-hose, Gloves, silk and ganze Undershirts, fine dress Shirts and Collars, a large assortment very cheap, Linen and Cotton Drawers; in fact every article usually found in a gentlemans' Furnishing Store.

He has also on hand a fine supply of Clothing, both of his own and foreign manufacture, any or all of which he would be pleased to exhibit, and to dispose of it at a small advance for Cash or six month's credit to punctual customers.

Cutting done at short notice.

ISAAC PROCTER,
Merchant Tailor.
*Successor to Oliver & Procter.*

April 15, 1853. 43—

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## $100 REWARD.
### A PROCLAMATION,

*By His Excellency* DAVID S. REID, *Governor of the State of North Carolina.*

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that one *John Currie*, late of the county of Bladen, stands charged with the murder of one Kinc

# THE STANDARD.

RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1853.


## LEGISLATION.

The Legislature of Virginia has adjourned, after a session of some nine a half months' duration, having passed about six hundred bills. There is legislation for you by the ton.

"The world is governed too much"—laws are enacted about almost every thing; but if they were consistent with each other and clearly drawn, there would be less reason for complaint. The Assemblies of North Carolina, which are biennial, usually continue for ten or twelve weeks; and it is frequently remarked among the people, that no objection would be made if they were to sit three months, provided they *perfected* the business devolved upon them. Nearly every measure, with us, is crowded into the last days of the session; and the consequence is the laws are marked by errors and mistakes on the part of the Clerks, Enrolling Committees, and on the part, sometimes, of the Houses themselves, which are more or less material, and which mar, whether material or not, the public statute-books.

In the earlier portions of the State's history the Engrossing Clerks were appointed, not as a matter of favor, but they were selected from among the best scribes, as the enrolled bills in the public archives will show; and the Committees on Enrolled Bills were not only men in every respect capable of correcting mistakes, but they attended to the duties assigned them with much care. A good scribe is one who not only writes a fair hand, but who knows how to spell and punctuate. Such an officer, if not interrupted in his duties, and if devoted to them, will seldom make mistakes; but with us it so happens that the Engrossing Clerk's room is almost as public a place as the halls of the two Houses—persons are constantly going in and out, especially towards the close of the session, when the pressure of their labors is greatest; and in addition to this, as a general rule, some half dozen assistants are picked up a week before the session terminates, to bring up, not to perfect the business, for perfected it is not. And then the Committees on Enrolled Bills get together as they can, with members around them, to compare bills, which they do, sometimes with a very Babel about their ears. And then the bills are laid before the Speakers to be ratified, and after this form is complied with they are delivered to the Secretary of State, who hands them over to the printer; and of course neither of them can change a single word, no matter how palpable the defect may be.

We make no complaints against the Engrossing Clerks; they do as well, perhaps, as ought to be expected under the circumstances. The objection is to the system or order of business, by which nearly every thing is crowded into the last hours of the session. The character of a State is judged of by its laws—not merely by their substance and tone, but by the manner in which they are framed. If its laws are plain, direct, and consistent with each other, grammatically written, and printed correctly and in good style, the inference is that the people who caused them to be framed are intelligent, and properly informed as to their rights and their obligations one to another; but if confused, inconsistent, incorrectly drawn, and issued on bad paper, with old type, and in a rough form, another and a quite different conclusion is inevitable. We hope future Assemblies will bestow some thought upon these things, and apply the remedy.

## SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

We learn that Col. R. C. Puryear, of Yadkin County, has been selected as the Whig candidate in this District.

The District is composed of the Counties of Stokes, Forsythe, Rockingham, Davidson, Davie, Yadkin, Surry, Iredell, Alexander, and Ashe.

The Hon. J. P. Caldwell, it appears, has been repudiated by the Federal leaders. He committed an unpardonable sin, in the judgment of these Scottites, in refusing to go cordially for the Scott-Seward ticket in the late campaign; and the result is he is laid on the shelf, and Col. Puryear, a Federalist of the first water, is brought forward. Are the friends of Mr. Caldwell prepared to submit to this treatment? Is his independence of spirit, maintained against such influence as was brought to bear upon the anti-Scott Whigs in Washington City—is that to pass for nothing?

We trust that the field will not be left uncontested to Col. Puryear. We know not what course Mr. Caldwell contemplates pursuing; but if his friends should fail to insist upon the use of his name in the pending canvass, there are others, any one of whom might be brought forward with strong hopes of success; and among these we trust we shall be pardoned for naming Hargrave of Davidson, Bower of Ashe, Hill of Stokes, and Boyd of Rockingham.

And what, after all, is the object of this nomination of Col. Puryear? Are not the Whigs of the Sixth District satisfied, thus far, with the administration of Gen. Pierce? Do they not approve, in the main, of his Inaugural? And are they not willing, as just and fair-minded men, to give him a trial? Are they prepared to condemn him in advance? Do they wish to embarrass him simply because he is a Democrat? If Col. Puryear should be elected, he will go to Washington the inexorable opponent of the administration. We know him well. He is a man of strong prejudices, of warm feelings, and a most thorough Federalist. Nothing which a Democrat can do will be likely to modify his opposition. The people of the Sixth District will, therefore, if he should be chosen, evince a determination to judge without sufficient evidence—to condemn without a fair hearing—to disregard even their own opinions already formed and expressed in approbation of the main features of the President's Inaugural. Will they do this?

☞ We learn that the fruit is uninjured. There is a prospect of an abundant crop.

Our farmers are about finishing the planting of corn. We had a fine rain a few days since. The wheat crop looks well.

☞ We invite the attention of business men to the Norfolk and Portsmouth advertisements in our paper to-day.

## SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Our friends in this District are moving with a fine spirit towards a Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress. We publish to-day the proceedings of a meeting in Wayne; and we find in the last Republican and Patriot the proceedings of a meeting in Bear Creek District, Lenoir County. George F. Whitfield, Esq., presided, and R. W. Moore, Esq., acted as Secretary. The Committee, consisting of Col. Jas. W. Morris, James Rouse, Jr. and James W. Rouse, reported a series of Resolutions, which we give below, and the meeting was addressed by Col. Morris. The Resolutions are as follows:

"WHEREAS, We, a portion of the Democracy of Lenoir, co-operating with our party throughout the 2d Congressional District of North Carolina so as to secure a united effort in the support of a Candidate to represent us in the next National Legislature of this Republic: Therefore

*Resolved*, That this meeting respectfully recommend the propriety of holding a Convention of delegates of the Democratic party of this District at an early day to nominate a candidate for Congress.

*Resolved*, That we recommend a meeting of the Democracy of Lenoir County to be held at the Court House in Kinston, on Tuesday of our Superior Court week, for the purhase of appointing delegates to the District Convention.

*Resolved*, That in the commencement of the approaching political campaign, we re-affirm our adherence to the doctrines of the Democratic party as taught by those venerated Republicans, Jefferson, Madison and Monroe, and illustrated by their successors, Jackson, Polk and Pierce,—and that we cannot give our support to any individual who shall disavow any of those Republican principles for his own personal aggrandizement.

*Resolved*, That we respectfully suggest the name of Col. Thomas Ruffin, of Wayne, to our democratic brethren throughout the District, as possessing all the requisites to fill the honorable post of our Representative; but should the nomination fall upon any other true and tried Democrat, we will support him with heart and hand.

*Resolved*, That we have abiding confidence in the prudence and wisdom of the Convention, that by it all conflict of claims will be reconciled, and presenting an undivided front, will defeat all opposition and secure victory.

*Resolved*, That we hail with inexpressible gratification the Inaugural address of President Pierce; we recognize in him a statesman of the highest order of talents and patriotic spirit, and under his administration the rights of the States will be preserved, and our happy Union be perpetuated."

The Democracy, we trust, will continue the movement, and thus unite upon a candidate acceptable to the majority. Organization must be maintained at all hazards. It is, next to principle, the pledge and the means of success.

## FAYETTEVILLE PLANK ROAD.

We learn, from the Carolinian, that the annual meeting of the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road Company took place on the 14th instant.

The State was represented by John H. Cook and A. A. McKethan, Esqrs. An election for President resulted in the choice of Mr. James Baker. Mr. Baker declined, and another election being held, Edward Lee Winslow, Esq., the former President, was re-elected. The election of Directors resulted in the choice of James Kyle, C. Benbow, J. H. Cook, A. W. Steel, George McNeill, E. J. Lilley, Duncan Murchison, Francis Fries and J. Worth.

A resolution was passed recommending to the consideration of the Board of Directors, the construction of a branch road from some point on the main stem between the 68th and the 74th mile post, through the Uharie country to the Davidson county line, and to that end, the filling up of the capital stock to the limit prescribed by the amended charter ($300,000.) The resolution was passed in response to an application presented by the people of the neighborhood of the proposed branch.

MR. DOBBIN. The Washington Correspondent of the Norfolk Argus speaks in the following complimentary terms of Mr. Dobbin: "The Cabinet is a unit emphatically, and Frank Pierce is President. Secretary Dobbin is all backbone. He is the trump of the Cabinet, and we should not be surprised if the Old North State is honored with the next Presidency in the person of her able, clear-headed, talented and intrepid son. Dobbin is small in stature, but he has the essence and the head-book of a Jackson."

There has been a very great revival of religion in this community, during the past two or three weeks. It commenced in the Methodist Church and extended into the congregations of the Presbyterian and Baptist Churches. More than 200 persons have made a public profession of religion, and have attached themselves to the different churches, as follows: To the Methodist Church, 137; Presbyterian, 35; and to the Baptist, 30 or 35. *Fayetteville Carolinian.*

A revival is also going forward in this place, under the ministry of the Rev. Mr. Pell, of the Methodist Church.

STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. The last Tarborough Southerner says: "We are authorized to announce that a meeting of the State Agricultural Society will be held in Raleigh, on Wednesday, the 25th of May, proximo. Dr. Tompkins will be present, and will address the meeting on the subject of holding an Agricultural Fair and Cattle Show at some eligible point in the State during the coming Fall."

☞ The New York Evening Post, announcing its purpose to enlarge its dimensions, says: "We expect to drive this press, as well as the presses in our job office, by a caloric engine, of Capt. Ericcson's invention and modelling, which is now in process of construction by the Messrs. Hogg & Delamater, and which will be the first application of that patent to the art of printing."

HEALTH OF COL. KING. Col. King has arrived at Mobile from Havana. He is afflicted with severe spells of coughing, and is no better. He was to go up the river in a few days to his plantation.

☞ We learn that the whole line of the Cape Fear and Deep River work has been put under contract to responsible men, and that the work will be pressed as rapidly as possible to completion.

☞ A semi-annual dividend of four per cent. has been declared by the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road Company, payable on Monday last.

We announced last week the appointment of Mr. William Bow, as Postmaster at Fayetteville. Subsequently Mr. Bow, for reasons of a sufficient character, tendered his resignation to the Post Office Department, and A. M. Campbell has been appointed in his place. We understand that Mr. Campbell also declines the appointment. *Fay. Carolinian.*

## JAMES BUCHANAN, ESQ.

The nomination of Mr. Buchanan, as Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of St. James, (says the Pennsylvanian,) has been received by the press and the public with great satisfaction. Should he agree to accept, the American people will have reason to be proud, that, at the first Court in the old world, they are to be represented by one of the ripest and certainly one of the greatest intellects of the new world. Mr. Buchanan will go to Europe with no desire to flatter and fawn upon monarchs and nobles. Himself one of the most accomplished gentlemen living, and one of the first statesmen of the age, he will be able to present to the British Court a character for integrity and experience that will render it unnecessary, as it should always be, to cater to the vanity or the arrogance of the English rulers. We have had too much of obsequious adulation of foreign potentates by our representatives at foreign courts. Not that we require, in the person of these agents of the government, rude manners, indiscreet anger, or offensive interference in the affairs of other powers. There is a wise and just medium between the two extremes of praise and presumption which the true gentleman need not be troubled to find. Mr. Buchanan knows the feeliug of the American people on this subject as well, if not better than any other of our public men. He will, let us hope, as indeed we believe, he will not tickle the self-pride of England by idle boasts about the Anglo Saxons, by vapid compliments to British prowess and prosperity, and by useless commendation of England, as the glorious mother of the fair shoot of liberty on this soil. Silent dignity were better, on the part of our American Ministers, than such flippant rhetoric as this—the staple of such apes of aristocracy as Lawrence, or such antiquated politicians as our present respectable but retrogressive representative at St. James. Mr. Buchanan will insult his countrymen by no such displays as these. He will sustain his high reputation as a patriotic and high-toned American by refusing to prostrate himself and his mission at the footstool of any dynasty, no matter how great or how powerful.

THE JAPAN EXPEDITION. A rumor has been recently circulated by a portion of the public press to the effect, that this interesting expedition either has been, or is about to be countermanded by the present Secretary of the Navy. We learn, from the best authority, that all such rumors are entirely unfounded in fact. On the contrary, the administration is making every effort to give all proper aid in carrying out the important objects of the expedition, and in fulfilling the public expectation in regard to it.

It appears to have been the intention of the late administration to place under the command of Commodore M. C. Perry, as the Commander-in-chief of the United States naval force in the East India and China seas, and with a view to his contemplated visit to Japan, the following vessels, viz: one ship-of-the-line, the Vermont; three steam frigates, the Susquehanna, the Mississippi, and the Powhatan; one first-class steamer, the Alleghany; and four sloops-of-war, the Macedonian, the Saratoga, the Plymouth, and the Vandalia; to be accompanied by two storeships, Supply and the Southampton.

This force, with the exception of the Vermont, the Macedonian, and the Alleghany, is now assembling at Macao. The last named vessel is now in the hands of mechanics, and it is uncertain when her preparation will be completed. The Vermont is ready to receive her crew; but such is the condition of the recruiting service that it is wholly impossible to say when, if at all, a crew of 800 men for her can be collected. Beside this, the number of men, of all classes employed in our naval service having been limited by law to 7,500, and Congress having failed at its last session to grant to the Navy Department the authority which it asked to enlarge that number, and no means having been appropriated for that purpose, the withdrawal of the Vermont from Commodore Perry's squadron has become unavoidable, because, in addition to the force already in commission, she cannot now be manned without exceeding the number of seamen prescribed by law. It is probable, also that the necessary delay in preparing the Alleghany for sea may render her services unavailable for the expedition. This, however, will not interfere with the contemplated visit of Commodore Perry to Japan, with a force amply sufficient and well provided for the successful accomplishment of the objects of his mission. *Washington Union.*

For the Standard.

CASWELL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

This Company which was chartered at the last session of the General Assembly, was fully organized on Tuesday the 12th instant, by the selection of the following officers:

James M. Allen, Esq. President,
Nicholas L. Walker, Vice President,
Willie J. Palmer, Secretary,
Nicholas M. Lewis, Esq. Treasurer,
Montfort McGhee, Esq. Attorney,
Nathaniel J. Palmer, Esq. General Agent.
*General Committee*—James M. Allen, Nicholas L. Walker, and George W. Thompson, Esq.

The office of the Company is located in the town of Milton, N, C.

Local Agents will, in due time, be appointed for the different towns and counties in this State.

A MEMBER.

Milton, April 15, 1853.

LARGE CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT. The Goldsborough New Era contains a description of the Carriage Establishment of Messrs. Dibble & Brothers, at Kinston, Lenoir County, which reflects great credit on the enterprising proprietors. The establishment consits of four buildings, each sixty feet in length, and a blacksmith shop containing seven forges. One man is constantly employed in putting together wheels, the timber of which grew on their native hills in New England, and is worked ready to put together in their native town by machinery. Every spoke, hub, and fellow are made precisely alike, so that any one part will fit on with any other part. The spokes are all made of white Hickory, and the best of timber. The balance of the timber is the growth of this State.

The establishment is conducted on the ten hour system, and in order to give the workmen the means of improvement and instruction during the hours not devoted to labor, the Proprietors have provided a number of perodicals and newspapers. *Tarborough Southerner.*

GREENSBOROUGH FEMALE COLLEGE. The following announcements are made by President Deems, of this Institution:

The *Annual Examination* of the classes in Greensborough Female College will commence at 9 o'clock A. M., Tuesday, May 17.

The *Annual Sermon* before the Graduating Class will be delivered by the Rev. Robert O. Burton, on Tuesday evening, May 17, at 7½ o'clock.

The Literary Societies will hold their *Public* Celebration in the Church on Wednesday afternoon, the 18th.

The Concert will be given on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

The *Board of Trustees* will assemble at their usual place of meeting, at 8 o'clock, A. M., on Thursday, the 19th.

The *Commencement Exercises* will be opened in the Methodist Episcopal Church at 10 o'clock, A. M., Thursday, May 19th. *Greensborough Patriot.*

Wm. C. Loftin, Esq., is a candidate for Congress in the Wayne District. He will continue in the field unless a whig candidate shall run, when it is understood that he will withdraw to prevent the strength of his party, (the democratic) from being distracted. This, in our judgment, is a very untenable position for a party man to assume. We hold that if the nominee of a Democratic Convention be entitled to the support of his party in preference to a whig candidate, he is equally entitled to that support in preference to a democrat who attempts to foist himself upon the party against its wishes. *Fay. Car.*

The Raleigh Standard says that Mr. John R. Harrison, of Raleigh, has recently erected a shop upon the western limits of the city for the purpose of constructing coaches for Railroads. He is at present engaged in building a couple of coaches for the Raleigh and Gaston Road. We published a short time since some account of a railroad coach of Wilmington manufacture. We should like to see the day when all our railroad coaches shall be of North Carolina manufacture. There is no good reason why it should not be so. Coach makers of Fayetteville, keep an eye on this business. *Fay. Car.*

## Correspondence of the Standard.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14, 1853.

MR. HOLDEN—*Dear Sir*: Nothing of very great importance has transpired in this City since my last, with the exception of the second trial and conviction of Arthur Sping, the murderer. The growth of Philadelphia is beyond precedent, and the prosperity of its citizens is manifest throughout the whole City in the number of buildings in course of erection, and to be erected during the coming summer. The work of demolition has already commenced amongst the old buildings that have done good service, and in their early days were considered ornaments to the business streets on which they stand, but they must now come down and make room for more substantial and modern structures. There is quite a number of buildings going up on Chestnut street, that will be, not only an ornament to the City, but will do credit to the already well established reputation of the Philadelphia architects. There is no City, perhaps, in the world whose mechanics enjoy a higher or better merited reputation than those of Philadelphia. Their object seems not to gild over the outside of their productions for the purposes of sale by deception; but to the contrary, everything seems to be governed by an honest conviction, that whatever is worth doing at all, is worth doing well. Their buildings are generally plain, very neat, and substantial, and cannot fail to please the eye of all who see them.

Labore saving machinery of every description is now being used throughout the City in almost every branch of business, from the manufacture of a horse-shoe-nail to building of a steam-ship. Among the many ingenious machines in operation, that I have visited, there is no one more deserving of notice than that for the manufacturing of Cotton Cards. It is one of the most ingenious and perfect machines now in use; it is entirely self-acting in all its points; the wire is fed into it by means of two small rollers, placed upon the side of the machine; in front is placed the leather of any width from one to thirty or more inches, that is to receive the wire; this leather is pierced by a small instrument having two points and operated horizontally by means of cams; the wire is caught by a pair of knippers to which is attached a pair of shears that cut it off to the proper length, it is then bent to the desired shape and inserted into the holes previously made in the leather, and by the same operation of the cams receives a slight bend, which sets it at the proper angle for use. The work is performed with astonishing rapidity, and so perfect is the machinery, that should the wire get bent in passing from the reel to the knippers, or should the wire break, the machine immediately stops. There is a great number of these machines in operation, and the business of card making, I believe, is quite profitable. A very great amount of labour and expense is now saved in building, by the plaining mills, circular and scroll saw mills, wood moulding mills, and ornamental wood carving machines. There is scarcely any moulding used in this City that are worked by hand. Mouldings of every description are furnished at the extensive establishment of Gregory & Sparks, Coutes' above Broad St., Philadelphia, at an expense so near the first cost of the lumber, that it is an object with builders to purchase from them. Cabinet and Chair makers have all their scroll and other ornamental sawing done by machinery at one-half the expense of hand sawing, hence the great reduction in price of such articles. The City is beginning to assume a very active and pleasant appearance; the numerous public squares, in which I notice a number of pet grey squirrels, peafowls, &c., which detract nothing from their beauty, are looking unusually green and beautiful for the season. The weather is mild and pleasant, business brisk, and every face seems to reflect happiness and prosperity.

Yours, B.

*Arrival of the Alps—Three Days Later from Europe.*

BOSTON, April 14. The steamer Alps, with Liverpool dates of the 30th ultimo, arrived about noon. She brings a large freight, chiefly for Canada.

The aspect of affairs between Turkey and Russia continued pacific.

GENERAL NEWS.

Queen Victoria has suffered from a miscarriage, but was recovering.

Affairs in France were quiet. The Emperor's coronation had been deferred till August, the Pope not being able to attend till that time.

In Italy arrests continued to be made of suspected parties, and domiciliary visits were the order of the day.

The difficulties between Russia and Turkey had been settled, but not in a manner satisfactory to the Porte. The English fleet still remained at Malta.

Advices from India state that the Burmese had abandoned Peju to the British.

In China the rebellion was gaining headway.

MARKETS.

*Liverpool, Tuesday, March* 29. The cotton market opened yesterday with a good demand, but the absence of late American advices tended to curtail operations. The arrival of the Cambria this morning, bringing advices of the maintenance of a high range of prices in America, and a prospect of a decided falling off in the receipts of the following week, has imparted a more buoyant tone to the market, and sales have been made at an advance for middling and fair qualities; inferior sorts unchanged. Sales yesterday of 9,000 and to-day 10,000 bales, of which speculators and exporters took 8,000 bales. Imports in the same time, 23,000 bales. Fair Orleans, 6¾d.; middling, 5 11-16d.; fair Upland, 6d.; middling, 5 9-16d.

More business was doing at Manchester at better rates, particularly in yarns.

Breadstuffs were in limited request, the demand being confined to the actual wants of consumers, without material change in prices.

Provisions were dull, and prices had receded for beef and pork.

Tobacco active, with an advancing tendency.

Coffee firmer. Rice quiet at 22s. a 22s. 6d. for Carolina.

*London, March* 29. Flour sells slowly. Wheat tends upwards. Small arrivals of corn brought a shade higher rates. Consols closed at 99¾ a 99⅞d.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

BOSTON, April 14—10 p. m. The French squadron put to sea on the 23d ultimo. Its destination is the Archipelago. An unpleasant feeling has arisen in consequence of the precipitate step taken in reference to the fleet.

Telegraphic despatches from Vienna of the twenty-fifth reiterate the report that the Porte is desirous of settling amicably all difference with Russia.

The latest report from Paris states that the difference between Russia and Turkey would be referred to the arbitration of Leopold. A Congress of powers interested is proposed. Brussels is named as the place of conference. The Belgian minister had several meetings on the subject.

The rebellion in China was gaining ground rapidly.

The news from the Cape of Good Hope state that peace was proclaimed on the 14th of February.

A London paper affirms that there are divisions in the cabinet on important questions, but doubts whether there will be a dissolution.

The Madiai family were still at Marseilles, in tolerable health.

*Later from Europe.*

BALTIMORE, April 15. The mails of the steamer America, from Liverpool, have been sent South. You have her news in the papers. An evening dispatch from Paris says that the American government had consented to indemnify the owners of French vessels seized in California some time since.

A conspiracy had been discovered at Berlin and many arrests had been made. Arms and ammunition had been found.

The insurrection at Palmero had been suppressed.

Southern Italy is in a more alarming state than ever. Large numbers of suspected revolutionists had been arrested at Naples.

The European Democrats had sent an address to President Pierce, by Count Pulszky, with the view, it is supposed, to procure arms.

An outbreak in Switzerland, among the peasantry, had been quelled by the military.

The American lady arrested some time since at Heidelburg, for circulating revolutionary documents, had been imprisoned six weeks.

Bombay dates to March 1st, state that Rangoon had been nearly destroyed by fire.

*Health of Vice President King.*

MOBILE, April 14. Mr. King, since his arrival, has been afflicted with severe spells of coughing. Last night he rested well, and seemed decidedly better this morning, but his cough returned during the day. Should he, however, be no worse, he will go up the river to his plantation on Saturday.

## THE MARKETS.

WILMINGTON, April 16.

*Turpentine.* Since Thursday morning last, 145 bbls. of Turpentine have been disposed of at $3,50 per bbl. for new Virgin Dip, $3.25 for Yellow Dip, and $1,50 per bbl. for Hard. Very little arriving, and the price declining.

*Rosin.* 1,000 bbls. Common Rosin were sold at 95 cts. per bbl. and 150 bbls. (medium size) at 87½ cts. per bbl.

*Spirits Turpentine.* About 100 bbls. changed hands at 42 cts. per gallon. A small lot, from the Country, was sold at 40 cts. per gallon.

*Tar.* 50 bbls. of Tar, were sold at $1,85 per bbl.

*Timber, Lumber, Staves and Shingles.* No sales of either that we hear of.

*Corn.* 1,500 bushels of Corn were sold at auction in lots to suit, at 53 to 54 cts. per bushel. A full supply in market at present.

*Bacon.* A good supply of N. C. and Western in store.

*Fresh Beef.* From 6 to 8½ cts per lb. Nett.

*Commercial.*

FAYETTEVILLE, April 16. Business good for past week. More Cotton than usual offering, and sales have been as high 10½ cts to shippers. Flour—supply equal to demand, and prices barely sustained—sales at $4 55 to $4 60. Corn, 60 cts.

*Carolinian.*

PETERSBURG, April 15, 1853. *Bacon.* Western Sides 8½c. to 8¾c., Shoulders 7c. to 7½c. Va. cured Hoground 10½c. to 11c. Brisk.

*Beef.* On the hoof, 3c. to 3½c.

*Butter.* Goshen 20c. to 28c.; Mountain 16c. to 20c.

*Cotton.* We have to note an active demand, with sales of 50 to 60 bales at 10½c. for prime lots. The market is quite active, with light stocks.

*Corn.* Per bushel of 56 lbs., 55c. Dull.

*Cotton Yarns.* Assorted numbers, 17c.

*Feathers.* In demand at 45c. to 48c.

*Fish.* Herrings—No. 1 $7½; Roe $4½; common No. 2 $4½. Mackerel $7½ to $8 and scarce.

*Flaxseed.* Per bushel $1 15. Wanted.

*Flour.* Per bbl. Superfine $5½ to $6; Fine $5 to $5½.

*Guano.* Sales at $55, and scarce.

*Leather.* Good over, weights, 15½c. to 16c.; do. do. light, 16½c. to 18½c; good damaged 14½c. to 15c.; do. oak 19c. to 22c.

*Lime.* In casks, $1⅛ to $1 50.

*Liquors.* Apple Brandy 48c. to 50c.; Peach do. 70c to 80c.; N. E. Rum 30c.; Whiskey, rectified, 26c. to 27c; do., old, 50c. to 75c.

*Molasses.* Cuba 23c. to 25c.; New Orleans 30c. to 33c.; Sugar House 22c. to 25c.; Syrup 30c. to 50c.

*Navy Beans* dull at 90c. to $1.

*Nails.* Cumberland 5½c.; other brands 4½c. to 5c.

*Oats.* Sheaf, $1 25 per 100; per bushel, 45c.

*Plaster.* Lump, $4 per ton; Casks, $1 80c.

*Pork.* Sales at $8 per 100 lbs.

*Potatoes.* Sweet, 75c to 87½c per bushel; Irish, $1 to $1 50 per barrel.

*Salt.* Liverpool fine, $1 40 to $1 50 per sack; G. A. $1 25 to $1 30 do.

*Steel.* American Blistered, 6c to 7½c.; English do., 12½c to 14c; German, 12c to 14c.; Cast, 17c to 19c.

*Sugars.* N. O. and P. R., 5½c to 6c.; St Croix, 6c to 7c.; Coffee Sugars, 6¾c to 8¼c.

*Tobacco.* The market the past week has been active, with an advance of ½c. to ¾c. on common and fair Leaf. Lugs have been without change in prices, though in good demand for shipment and manufacturing. Fine tobacco is scarce and wanted at from $10 to $16.

*Wheat* is steady. Sales fair to good Reds at 80c. to $1, and Whites at 90c. to $1 05.

*The Tehuantepec Grant—Ratification of the Sloo Treaty.*

NEW ORLEANS, April 13. The important intelligence is brought by a special messenger from the city of Mexico, who arrived to-day, that the treaty of contract with Mr. Sloo relative to the Tehuantepec route across the Isthmus, was signed at Mexico, on the 20th ult., and ratified on the 28th.

## MARRIED,

In Franklin County, on the 7th instant, by the Rev. R. C. Maynard, Mr. Thomas Cuniards to Miss Sarah Judson Winston, the youngest and last daughter of Col. Isaac Winston, all of Franklin County, N. C.

On the 5th instant, by the Rev. A. Efird, of Lexington, N. C., Mr. Allen H. Hooker, of Randolph county, to Miss Ann Bostian, of Rowan.

In Davidson county, on the 6th instant, at 8 o'clock A. M., by Rev. Jesse Rankin, Mr. Robt. L. Hunt, of Oxford, N. C., to Miss Delia E. Wilson, of Lexington.

On the 7th instant, by Rev. Samuel Rothrock, Mr. Aaron W. Miller to Miss Rachell, daughter of Mr. Washington Henly.

Near Fayetteville, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Thomas C. Huske, Dr. Thomas C. Hall to Miss Joanna Jones Anderson, eldest daughter of Mr. Wm. J. Anderson.

In Fayetteville, on the 14th inst., by Rev. Jas. McDaniel, Mr. Riley Wilson to Miss Elizabeth Ann Powers.

In Robeson county, on the 10th instant, by the Rev. J. B. Martin, Mr. John P. Fulmore, of Leesville, to Miss Susan R. Thompson, daughter of Joseph Thompson, Esq.

In Duplin county, on 5th instant, Mr. William Blalock to Miss Elizabeth Jane Miller.

In Wilmington, on the 12th instant, John W. Gregorie, U. S. Coast Survey, to Miss Sallie E. Baker, of that place.

On the 12th April, 1853, by the Rev. Mr. Hinton, Mr. Pinkston Nail, of Mocksville, N. C., to Miss Mary A. Farrar, daughter of O. P. and Harriet Farrar, of Chesterville, S. C.

In Lenoir County, on the 7th instant, by James Jones, Esq., Mr. Stephen Hering to Miss Ann Williams, youngest daughter of the late Col. John Williams, all of the County of Lenoir.

## DIED,

In Wilcox County, Alabama, on the 25th March last, after a brief and painful illness, Mrs. Marina Jones, wife of Mr. John Jones, formerly of Warren County, and daughter of Mark Pettway, Esq., formerly of Halifax County, N. C., in the 25th year of her age.

## County Court Clerkship.

WE are requested to announce THOMAS G. WHITAKER, Esq., as a candidate for Clerk of the County Court of Wake at the ensuing election.
March 2d, 1853. 31—tc.

WE are requested to announce CALVIN J. ROGERS, Esq., as a candidate for Clerk of Wake County Court at the ensuing election.
April 7th, 1853. 41—tc.

WE are requested to announce JEFF. UTLEY as a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of the County of Wake, at the ensuing August election.
April 8, 1853. 41—tc.

## NOTICE.

A TRAIN of cars will leave Raleigh, on Wednesday the 20th inst., at half-past seven o'clock, A. M., for Portsmouth, stopping to take up passengers at all the depots. The Stockholders of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, are invited to go to Norfolk and Portsmouth, on Wednesday, and return on Friday, free of charge. L. O'B. BRANCH, *President.*
April 15, 1853. 43—

PROCTER is this day in the reception of a fresh supply of fine Fancy Cassimeres. Also, Black and Fancy articles for the neck, and a large quantity of dress Shirts. He has also received that Grey Cassimere which has been so often enquired for.
ISAAC PROCTER,
Merchant Tailor.
April 18th, 1853. 54—

**Robinson's Shoes.**

A GENERAL assortment Walking Shoes and Slippers, Childrens, Misses, and Ladies Goat Bootees.
For sale by J. BROWN.
Raleigh, April 19, 1853. 44—

**Cotton Yarns from Orange Factory.**

PERSONS wishing first rate Yarn will find it to their advantage to call at HEARTT & JONES'.
April 14th, 1853. 44—3w.


**NIEMEYER & WHITE,**
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND General Produce Brokers,**
PORTSMOUTH, VA.,

OFFER their services to the Shipping, Planting, Trading and Manufacturing Interests.

We will give strict attention to Shipping or Selling Tobacco, Cotton, Flour, Grain, Provisions, Lumber and Naval Stores; and Forwarding Merchandise with Despatch.

Lime, Plaster, Guano, Cement and Salt, always on hand.

HENRY V. NIEMEYER. JAMES C. WHITE.
April 7th, 1853. 41 3m.

**NIEMEYER & WHITE,**
PORTSMOUTH, VA.

OFFER FOR SALE: 1,000 Sacks Liverpool Salt,
800 Casks Eastern and W. C. Lime,
150 bbls. S. F. Flour,
12 Hhds. Sides and Shoulders,
10,000 lbs. Virginia Cured Family Bacon,
50 packages Refined Sugar.
Orders for Merchandize filled with despatch.
NIEMEYER & WHITE,
Portsmouth, Va. April 14, 1853. 43—3m.

**ROBERTS'S**
**COPPER, TIN AND STOVE DEPOT,**
**ROANOKE SQUARE,**
NORFOLK, VA.

IN STORE, a large and varied assortment of all kinds of COPPER and TIN Wares, at wholesale and retail, lower than at any other establishment in Virginia. Copper Work for Steamers, Mills, Distilleries, &c., &c., executed in the best manner, with due regard for steam pressure.

STOVES AND HOT-AIR FURNACES,

Of all kinds, for all purpores, Metallic Roofing, Gutters and Pipes for Buildings, Block Tin, Tin Plate, Sheet Copper, Bar and Sheet Lead, Sheet Iron, &c., Ethereal Oil, and Lamps for using it, Shower Baths and Bathing Apparatus, of all the newest and most approved patterns.

WM. D. ROBERTS, JR.,
*Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.*
April 19, 1853. 44—sw6m.

**PETER W. HINTON,**
**Commission & Forwarding Merchant,**
**NO. 9, ROANOKE SQUARE,**
NORFOLK, VA.

LIBERAL advancements on consignments of Merchandize.
Merchandize forwarded with despatch.

REFERENCES.

Maj. Chas. L. Hinton, Raleigh.
George W. Haywood, Esq., Raleigh.
J. B. G. Roulhac, Esq., Raleigh.
William Plummer, Esq., Warrenton.
April 19, 1853. 44—w.6m.

**A. & H. HARRIS,**
**GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**
NORFOLK, VA.

WILL make liberal advances on consignments, if desired.
April 19, 1853. 44—1y.

**FOR SALE.**

THE undersigned having determined to exchange Merchandizing for Agriculture, offers for sale all his Real Estate in the town of Tarborough, to wit:

His Store Lot on the Court-House square, well known as "The Brick Store," with all necessary ware-houses and other buildings for merchandizing.

This Lot is considered one of the most desireable in Town, and has been tenanted as a place of trade without intermission ever since the foundation of the town.

Also, the residence of the subscriber, which has a good dwelling-house of five rooms, a basement and cellar, and all necessary buildings for a town residence—good fruit garden, &c.

The residence is located in one of the best neighborhoods of the town, and was successively occupied by the late Joseph B. Lloyd, James Weddell, and the late Henry L. Toole.

All the buildings and improvements are in good repair Also, for sale a well assorted Stock of Goods.

JOSEPH H. BOWDITCH.
Tarborough, April 14th, 1853. 44—tf

**Caswell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.**

THIS Company, chartered at the last session of the General Assembly of North Carolina, and located in the town of Milton, has been fully organized, and is now prepared to receive applications for Insurance on Houses, Furniture, Goods, Factories, &c. The terms will be the same as those of the other Mutual Fire Insurance Companies of the State.

All applications must state the location and situation of the buildings and other property on which insurance is desired.

The undersigned has been appointed General Agent for this Company, and he is also the Agent for the Ætna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, and the Hartford Insurance Company, located in the same place.

All applications for Insurance or local Agencies to be addressed to WILLIE J. PALMER, *Secretary*, or the subscriber,

NATHANIEL J. PALMER.
Milton, N. C. April 15, 1853. 43—tf.
Hillsborough Recorder will insert 3 times and forward account.

**SUPERIOR LINEN GOODS.**

HOUSEKEEPERS are respectfully invited to an examination of a fresh supply of Goods, consisting of 11-4 and 12-4 Barnsley Linen Sheetings,
9-8, 5-4 and 6-4 Pillow-case Linens,
8-4, 9-4 and 11-4 Table Damask,
Table Damask Napkins,
8-4 and 10-4 Brown Table Damask,
Bird Eye, Russia and Huckaback Linen Diapers,
Towellings of all kinds,
Crash Russia Linens,
50 pieces best make Irish Linens,
8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4 Marsellles Quilts,
Table and Piano Covers of Cloth and Worsted,
Furniture, Dimity and Curtain Muslins.
The above Goods are of the best quality, and will be sold very low by JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, April 16th, 1853. 43—

**JUST IN TIME!**

PAPER-HANGING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Public that he has just received 22 doz. rolls of superior Paper, consisting of gilded, glazed and various other figures, together with bordering of all kinds, which will enable him to do all kinds of paper-hanging in the neatest and most workman-like manner.

Also, a supply of Window-Curtains, Fire Screens, Reflection Paper.

All persons wishing anything in the paper line could not fail to be suited by calling on me, as I have paper at prices ranging from fifty cents to $1 50 per roll.

All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. J. HENRY HARRISS,
Upholsterer and Mattress-Maker.
Raleigh, April 15, 1853. 44—

**Cheap, Cheap.**

AT the Subscriber's, 5 bbls. Mercer Potatoes, (in the best order, as well for eating as planting,) at $2 per barrel, or $1 25 per bushel to close sales.
F. MAHLER.
Raleigh, April 16th, 1853. 44—

RECEIVED this day,
Apple Green Florence,
" " Marcelline,
" " French Crape.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
April 18th, 1853. 44—

**Umbrellas and Parasols.**

GREEN and Black, Silk and Cotton Umbrellas.
Embr'd and Watered Parasols, all colors.
Black, Watered, Silk and Linen Parasols.
Ladies Black Silk Summer Umbrellas.
For s

## Mail Arrangements at Raleigh.

*Arrival and Departure of Railroad and Stage Lines at and from Raleigh.*

NORTHERN MAIL—(By Railroad.)
Leaves daily - - - - - at 4 p. m.
Arrives daily - - - - - at 4 a. m.
The mail closes at 3 p. m.

SOUTHERN MAIL—(By 2 horse hack,)
Leaves daily - - - - - at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily - - - - - at 3 p. m.
Mail closes at 6½ a. m.

WESTERN MAIL—(By 4 horse coaches,)
Leaves daily - - - - - at 9 a. m.
Arrives daily - - - - - at 11½ p. m.
Mail closes at 8 a. m.

PITTSBOROUGH MAIL—(By 2 horse hack,)
Leaves Sunday and Wednesday - - at 5 a. m.
Arrives Monday and Thursday - - at 7 p. m.
Mail closes Tuesdays and Saturdays at 9 p. m.

GOLDSBOROUGH MAIL—(By 4 horse coach,)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - at 9 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Monday) - - at 10 a. m.
Mail closes at 8 a. m. except Sunday.

TARBOROUGH MAIL—(By 2 horse hack,)
Leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 a. m.
Arrives Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 p. m.
Mail closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 p. m.

ROXBOROUGH MAIL—(By Horse.)
Leaves Friday - - - - - at 12 m.
Arrives Friday - - - - - at 9 a. m.
Mail closes at Friday at 12 m.

## NOTICE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

J. J. BIGGS & Co. take pleasure in announcing to their friends and the Public in general, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer goods consisting of a fine lot of French and English Cloths, Cassimers and vestings of the latest style. A beautiful lot of white Silk and Satin vestings, and Cravats for Balls and Parties. White Linnen Drilling and Navy Duck, for Summer Pants.

All kinds of Ready Made Clothing both of their own and of Northern Manufacture, very fine and cheap. Also Youths and Boys Clothing, and dressing gowns.

Fine Moleskin and Beaver, black and Drab Hats of the very best manufacture.

The latest style dress Shirts of the most approved cut. Gauze, Silk and Marino undershirts and Drawers for Spring and Summer.

Gloves, Collars, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Cravats and Stocks, in great varieties.

Their stock will be constantly supplied, with the latest arrivals. The very finest assortment of Tailors trimmings on hand.

All orders thankfully received and promptly executed. All garments made to order warranted to fit.

Call at No. 10,
Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
April 11th, 1853. 42—

## Money, Time and Labor Saved.

PERSONS wishing to economize will do well to send the subscriber ONE DOLLAR POST PAID, and he will send them a receipt for making an excellent article of "Washing Fluid." In using this preparation very little rubbing will be found necessary. The ingredients for making the same are kept in Drug and Grocery Stores, and for a few cents you can purchase materials enough to make one gallon, and one quart is sufficient to wash out a large number of Clothes. By this method clothes can be prepared for the starch and iron cheaper and with more ease than the ordinary way of washing. The article can be made in a short time.

Address A. W. SALE,
Box No. 802, Richmond, Va.
April 5th, 1853. 41—2t. pd.

## Runaway Apprentice.

RANAWAY from the subscriber about the first of February last, an apprentice boy by the name of LEWIS CORDLE. He is a thick, well-set boy, about twelve years of age, and the end of one of his forefingers has been cut off.

I will thank any person who will give me information as to where said boy is; and all persons are warned against harboring or employing him under penalty of the law.

J. J. SANDERS,
10 miles west of Raleigh.
April 6th, 1853. 41—3t. pd.

## NIEMEYER & WHITE,
## COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND
## GENERAL PRODUCE BROKERS,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.,

OFFER their services to the Shipping, Planting, Trading and Manufacturing Interests.

We will give strict attention to Shipping or Selling Tobacco, Cotton, Flour, Grain, Provisions, Lumber and Naval Stores; and Forwarding Merchandise with Despatch.

Lime, Plaster, Guano, Cement and Salt, always on hand.

HENRY V. NIEMEYER. JAMES C. WHITE.
April 7th, 1853. 41 3m.

## GENERAL AGENCY.

THE undersigned offers his services as Agent for the transaction of any business in the City of Raleigh, at the Public Departments, the Banks, Insurance Offices, &c.

He may be found at the office of the Secretary of State. All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to, and his charges will be moderate and satisfactory. RUFUS H. PAGE.

REFERENCES:

Gov. D. S. Reid, Wm. Hill, *Sec'y. State*, D. W. Courts *Pub.. Treas.* Wm. J. Clarke, *Comp't. of State*, E B. Freeman, *Clerk Sup. Court*, Geo. W. Mordecai *Prest. of Bank of the State*, Wm. H. Jones, *Cash'r Bnnk of Cape Fear*, W. W. Vass, *Treas. R. & G* Releigh, Dec. 18, 1851. 14—tf.

## Tombs, Monuments, Head-Stones, &c

THE Subscriber having been North and purchased a large assortment of Italian and American MARBLE or *Monuments, Tombs*, and *Headstones*, and *Hearth, aint stones, slabs* for *Soda Founts, Baker's Slabs*, and Nova Scotia *grindstones*. solicits the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. He invites the citizens to call and see his monuments, tomb and head stones and drafts, or send their orders, which will be punctually attended to.

The subscriber has been in business in this place sixteen years, and you can refer to any of the citizens of Raleigh.

His Marble-Yard is ten minutes' walk from the State House, at the South-East Corner of the Graveyard.

The subscriber has examined the Northern prices, and has no hesitation in saying he can do work on as reasonable terms as any.

WILLIAM STRONACH.
Raleigh, Sept. 6, 1852. 85—1y.

## SUPERIOR READY MADE.
## DAILY ARRIVALS AT HARDINGS.

JUST RECEIVED, 200 pairs Superior Fancy Cassemere Pants.
March 31st, 1853. 39—

## CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!

RECEIVED this morning:
50 Plain Black Grenadine Silk Vests.
50 Figured " " "
100 Fine Black Satin "
100 Plain White Marseilles "
100 Figured " " "
51 Farmers' Satin, (a new article,) Vests.
Cheap for Cash. E. L. HARDING.
Raleigh, March 31st, 1853. 39—

## Tanbark Wanted.

WANTED about two hundred cords of Tanbark, for which the best price in cash will be paid, on delivery at the subscribers' Tannery, seven miles below Raleigh on the Smithfield road.

JAMES L. POOLE.
April 5th, 1853. 41—1t. pd.

## Sale of Land for Taxes.

I WILL sell at the Court House door in Pittsborough on the second Monday of May next, a Tract of Land containing 989 acres, more or less, on the waters of Deep River, (formerly owned by Thomas Parish, a coal field,) or as much thereof as will satisfy the Taxes, $27 06 2-3 due thereon and all cost.

ROBT. E. RIVES, Sheriff.
March 28th, 1853. [Pr. adv. $2,75] 40—td.

## Weeding Hoes.

A LARGE lot Weeding Hoes, all sizes. Also, Scythe Blades, Grass Blades and Trace Chains, received and for sale, by

JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, April 11th, 1853. 42—

## GARDEN SEEDS.

THE following Garden Seeds, warranted to be fresh and genuine, and of the crop of 1852, may be found at the Drug Store of P. F. PESCUD.

ASPARAGUS—Giant,
BEANS—(Dwarf,)
Early Mohawk,
" China,
" Yellow six weeks,
" Valentine,
" White kidney.
BEANS—(Pole,)
Horticultural Cranberry,
Indian Chief,
Large Lima or Butter,
BEETS—Early blood turnip,
Early yellow turnip,
Long Blood,
BROCOLI—Early and Late,
CABBAGE—Early May,
Early York,
" Ox heart,
" Large York,
" Drumhead,
Late do.,
" Premium flat Dutch,
" Drumhead Savoy,
" Bergen,
Red Dutch, (for pickling,)
CAULIFLOWER—Early & Late
CARROT—Early Horn,
Long Orange,
Celery,
White Solid,
New Silver Giant,
CRESS—Curled or Pepper grass.
CUCUMBER—Early Cluster.
Early Frame,
London Long Green,
Extra Long Green,
Gherkin, (for pickling,)
EGG PLANT—Large purple,
CORN—Mammoth Sweet,
Tuskarora,
Early Philad. white,
" Canada,
" Adams',
LETTUCE—Ealy curled
Royal Cabbage, [silecia
Late India,
Ice Coss,
MELONS—Green Citron,
Pine Apple,
Nutmeg,
Scarcity fine netted,
Beechwood,
Carolina Water,
Spanish do.
Mountain Sweet do,
Long Island do,
MUSTARD — White and brown,
NASTURTIUM,
OKRA,
ONION—Large Red,
Yellow Dutch,
White Portugal,
Onion Buttons,
PARSLEY—Plain and curled,
PARSNIP—Long Smooth,
Sugar,
Guernsey,
PEAS—Early Prince Albert,
Early Washington,
" Bishop Prolific,
Large Marrowfat,
Tall or Matchless Marrow fat,
PEPPER—Long Cayenne.
Cherry
Bell,
Mammoth,
RADISH—Long scarlet,
Turnip scarlet,
" white,
" yellow,
RHUBARB—Myatts victoria,
SPINACH—Round leaved
Savoy,
Prickly and fall,
SALSIFY or vegetable oyster,
SQUASH—Early yellow bush,
Early white bush,
" crookneck bush,
Autumal Marrow,
TOMATO—Large Red,
Large Yellow.

Raleigh, Feb. 22, 1853. 23—

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Company, until Saturday, 1st May next, at 10 o'clock, in the morning, for the Graduation of the connection between the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road and the North Carolina Rail Road at Raleigh.

The proposals must state the price per cubic yard for Excavation, and the price per cubic yard for Embankment, and must embrace the entire earth work of the whole line.

Separate Proposals will be received until the same hour for the Masonry required in the line; stating the price per cubic yard for dry Masonry and the price per cubic yard for mortared Masonry.

Map and Profile of the route can be seen on application to the undersigned or in his absence to W. W. Vass.

The successful bidders will be required to enter into bond to complete the work by 1st January, 1854.

The right is reserved to reject any or all the bids as the interest of the Company may seem to require.

L. O'B. BRANCH, President.
Raleigh, March 28th, 1853. 38—1m.
*** Register, Warrenton News and Greensborough Patriot copy one month.

## State of North-Carolina---WAKE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1853. John O. Jeffreys, *Adm'r.* of Rob't N. Jeffreys, *dec'd. vs.* Wm. D. Jeffreys—Original attachment Levied on Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Wm. D. Jeffreys, is a non-resident of this State, on motion, it is ordered by the Court that advertisement be made in the North Carolina Standard, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six weeks successively, notifying the said Wm. D. Jeffreys to be and appear before the justices at the next term of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Wake, at the Court-house in the City of Raleigh, on the 3rd Monday of May next, and then and there to replevy and plead to the said suit; otherwise judgment by default final will be granted against him and the Land Levied on condemned to satisfy the plaintiffs debt.

Witness James T. Marriott, Clerk of our said court at office, the 3rd Monday of February, 1853.

JAMES T. MARRIOTT, *Clerk.*
March 25, 1853. (Pr. adv. $5,62½.) 38—w6w.

## State of North-Carolina---WAKE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1853. Evans & Cooke *vs.* J. Stanford Hunter—Original attachment Levied on Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, J. Stanford Hunter, has removed from this State, and is a non-resident, on motion, it is ordered that advertisement be made in the North Carolina Standard, for six weeks successively, notifying the said J. Stanford Hunter to be and appear before the justices of our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Wake, at the Court-house in the City of Raleigh, on the 3rd Monday in May next, and then and there to replevy and plead to the said suit; otherwise judgment by default final will be granted against him and the land levied on condemned to satisfy the plaintiffs debt.

Witness James T. Marriott, Clerk of our said court at office the 3rd Monday of February, 1853.

JAMES T. MARRIOTT, *Clerk.*
March 25, 1853. [Pr. adv. $5,62½] 38—w6w.

## State of North Carolina.—CHATHAM CO

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term 1853.—John Matthews *vs.* James Matthews and Hardy Matthews—Petition for partition.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Jas. Matthews is not an inhabitant of this State; it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six weeks successively for said non-resident to appear at the next term of our said Court to be held for the County of Chatham, at the Court House in Pittsborough, on the second Monday in May next, then and there to plead, answer, or demur to the petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso and heard exparte as to them.

Witness, William P. Taylor, Clerk of our said Court at office the second Monday in February, A. D., 1853, and in the 77th year of American Independence.

WM. P. TAYLOR, C. C. C.
March 14, 1853. Price Adv. $5,62½. 34—w6w.

## N. C. Fashionable Jewelry Store.

PALMER & RAMSAY,

DEALERS IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

All Kinds of Jewelry, of the Latest Styles,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, CUTLERY,

*Perfumery, Fancy Goods and Clocks.*

THE subscribers are receiving their Fall purchase, which is one of the most extensive ever offered for sale in the State. Consisting of 100 Gold and Silver Watches,
Large collection of Gold Chains, Seals and Keys.
A fine lot of Diamond Rings and Pins,
Fashionable Earrings, Breastpins and Rings,
Bracelets, Cuff Pins and Armletts,
Very large assortment of Gold, Silver and Steel

Spectacles,

Gold and Silver Thimbles,
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens and Lockets,
Steel Pens and Keys, Razors, Strops and Pen Knives,
Silver Table, Deserts and Tea Spoons,
Ladles, Forks and Butter Knives, and Pickle Knives and Forks.
Castors, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays,
Baskets, Waiter Coffee Urn,
Gerondoles, Coral and Card Cases,
Perfumery and Fancy Goods.
All kinds of Watches, Jewelry and Clocks repaired in our usual manner.
October 4, 1852. 94

## Irish Potatoes.

A FEW barrels of those superior Carter Potatoes on hand—price reduced to close sales.

JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, April 11th, 1853. 42—

## Candles.

SPERM, Adamantine and Tallow Candles, all sizes, just received and for sale by

JAMES McKIMMON.
April 11th, 1853. 42—

## RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD.

THE Passenger Trains on this Road are due as follows:

| | Miles. | Mail Train. North | Mail Train. South. | Accommodation. North. | Accommodation. South. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Raleigh, | | 4 p. m. | 4 a. m. | 8 a. m. | 4 45 p. m. |
| Forestville, | 15 | 4 45 | 3 10 | 9 25 | 3 10 |
| Franklinton, | 11 | 5 25 | 2 30 | 10 30 | 2 5 |
| Kittrell, | 10 | 6 5 | 2 | 11 30 | 1 |
| Henderson, | 8 | 6 30 | 1 30 | 12 30 | 12 15 |
| Ridgway, | 13 | 7 15 | 12 50 | 2 10 | 10 30 |
| Warrenton, | 5 | 7 30 | 12 25 | 2 45 | 10 |
| Macon, | 5 | 7 50 | 12 10 | 3 15 | 9 30 |
| Littleton, | 11 | 8 25 | 11 35 | 4 15 | 8 25 |
| Gaston, | 9 | 9 p. m. | 11 p. m. | 5 p. m. | 7 30 a. m. |

The accommodation train leaves Raleigh on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and returns Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Passengers neglecting to provide themselves with Tickets before taking the Cars, are liable to an extra charge.

Office of the R. & G. R. R. Company,
February 16th, 1853. } 27—tf.

☞ Register and Warrenton News copy.

## Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road Co.

A SPECIAL Meeting of the Stockholders of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Company will be held in Raleigh, on Tuesday, the 3d day of May next.

By order of the Board of Directors.

W. W. VASS, Treasurer.
Raleigh, March 28, 1853. 38—
*** Raleigh Register, Petersburg Intelligencer and Norfolk Argus please copy.

## NOVELTY WORKS

WEST ST., RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA,

SILAS BURNS, PROPRIETOR,

BUILDER OF

**Steam Engines & General Machinist.**

THE above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

AURRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

Mr. SILAS BURNS,

*Dear Sir:* Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot in 3¾ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes two many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,

JONES & BARBEE.
June 2, 1852. 59—

## GREENSBOROUGH
## Mutual Life Insurance & Trust Co'y.

THIS Company, as its name indicates, is upon the *mutual principle*, and embraces two distinct departments, to wit: Life Insurance and Trust departments. This attractive combination offers to Policy holders double the ordinary security, without destroying their right to a full participation in the entire profits of the Company. Premiums will be received, in cash, either annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may be agreed upon at the time the Policy is issued.

In the TRUST DEPARTMENT, or Deposit System, the payments made to the Company are entirely optional with the Depositor, as regards the amount and the time at which they are made. A party may pay in as much or as little, (not less than one dollar,) and as often as may be convenient for him, without any obligation upon him to continue his payments—and may withdraw them at his pleasure.

So that, on the plan of this Company, there is created at one and the same time an assurance *payable at death—a fund available in sickness*—and *a provision for old age.*

☞ See Pamphlets furnished by the Company.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

Directors—Ralph Gorrell, Lyndon Swaim, John A. Gilmer, D. F. Caldwell, Richard Greene, David McLean, Richard Sterling, John M. Logan, D. P. Weir, E. W. Ogburn, Robert M. Sloan, Robert P. Dick, Henry B. Elliott.
President—Ralph Gorrell.
Vice President—Lyndon Swaim.
Secretary and Treasurer—D. P. Weir.
Attorney—John A. Gilmer.
Examining Physician—Edwin Watson, M. D.
Consulting Physicians—D. C. Mebane, M. D.; J. L Cole, M. D.; D. P. Weir, M. D.
General Agent—William H. Cumming.
*** Any information relative to the Company may be had by addressing D. P. WEIR,
Secretary and Treasurer.
February 17th, 1853. 27—tf.

## GRAND EXHIBITION.

WE are now in possession of our entire SPRING purchase, which is quite extensive; and as to quality, durability, and prices, is not surpassed by any Stock offered anywhere in these Southern States. It has been examined by the

GAY, THE FASHIONABLE, AND THE

BEAUTIFUL,

and pronounced A NO. ONE. All we ask now from our friends and customers—IS A CALL.

Persons from abroad who do not know where to find our establishment will be posted by calling at the Clothing and Furnishing Saloon of E. L. HARDING, Esq., where the Elephant can be seen, at all hours, free of charge—his living is off the "*Green!*"

EVANS & COOKE.
March 25, 1853. 38—

## Just Received and for Sale,

A RICH assortment of Fancy Neck, Sash, Hat and Cap Ribbons,
Plain Satin and Lustring Ribbons, all colors and widths,
French worked Muslin undersleeves,
Infant's French worked Frock Bodies and Caps,
Ladies' French worked Caps and Collars in great variety,
do do Mourning and half Mourning Collars,
do do Cuffs, Muslins and Dimity Bands.
Real Thread Lace, Insertings and Edgings,
Imitation do do do
Lisle do do do
Bobbin do do do

JAMES McKIMMON.
Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

TO MERCHANTS--IMPORTANT AND TRUE. The fact, that merchants can supply their wants in their home markets, and thus save the trouble and expense of a northern trip, being fully established, the subscribers, in anticipation of a large demand for their popular Ready Made Clothing, have manufactured an unusually large stock, which, they may safely say, has never been surpassed, if it has been equalled, in the southern market.

Encouraged by the very liberal patronage hitherto received, and with largely increased facilities, we are determined to keep pace with the onward spirit of the age, and to use every honorable effort to deserve our share of the "*public distribution.*" Merchants visiting Petersburg, whether dealing in Clothing or not, are invited to visit our WHOLESALE ROOMS, now stocked with every variety of Clothing, *of our own manufacture*, the most modern styles, and at *New York prices.*

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
WHOLESALE CLOTHING BAZAAR,
Sycamore, three doors from Bank street,
Petersburg, Va.
September 1, 1852. 84—tf.

## $10 REWBRD.

LEFT on the 20th of March, ALFRED, a copper-colored boy, 18 to 19 years old, well grown, 5 feet, 6 or inches high—talks on the end of his tongue—had on a wool hat, badly worn, and yarn clothing. He carried off a cloth cap, and a blanket with other clothing.

ALFRED has relations in Raleigh, and also at William Turner's, in Johnston Co.

The subscriber's Post Office is at Raleigh.

CASWELL POWELL.
Wake Co., March 23, 1853. 36—tf.

5,000 CIGARS, of superior quality, for sale by P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, February 22d, 1853. 28—

## FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C.
## WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.,

ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of

**Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals**
**PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS,**
*Window Glass, Perfumery, &c, &c*

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.

Raleigh, April 28. 1851. 94—

## "Eagle Hotel," Chapel Hill, for Sale

THE Proprietress of this well known and profitable establishment, having realized a sufficient income to warrant her in resuming the quiet of a private life, offers to the public generally the opportunity of bidding for its advantages.

The citizens of the State are so well acquainted with the advantages of its position, that but few remarks are necessary to complete their information.

The Hotel itself possesses all the requirments of room and comfort, which its purchasers can desire. It has capacity for the accommodation of one hundred and fifty boarders, and the recent and rapid growth of the University, adjacent, makes it an easy matter to possess such or even a greater number of students.

In addition to this, the frequent travel through Chapel Hill gives the Hotel, (being the only one in the place) a transient custom equal to any in the State.

The lots and stables adjoining are extensive and commodious, and the country-market supplies abundantly and on profitable terms much of its provisions.

The terms of sale require one third of the price to be paid on taking possession. A note, with safe security and time of payment suited to the convenience of the purchaser, are the reasonable demands for the remainder.

If further information be desired concerning the inducements to purchase, the President of the University or any other resident of the village, will furnish it.

Possession can be obtained at any time, after the 1st of May. Apply to ANNE S. HILLIARD.
Chapel Hill, N. C. Feb. 27, 1851. 33—

## LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale 1,200 acres of Land, lying on the Alatamaha river, three miles below the fork, known as Town Bluff. There are 250 acres open, ready for cultivation; also two small framed houses with good framed barn and good framed store house, situate on the bank of the river, one of the best stands for a store in this section. The place has the advantage of steamboats during the fall, winter and spring months, and one of the best fisheries on the river for shad. Any person wishing to purchase can do so by calling on the subscriber on the place.

Also, 980 acres of Land well timbered, with 150 acres of first rate bay land well ditched and drained, ready for clearing, with five acres cleared. Said land will produce fifty bushels of corn to the acre. This land lies two miles from the Mann Ferry, on the Alatamaha river.

Also, 5,000 acres of first rate quality pine timbered land on the Alatamaha and Ocmulgee rivers.

All these lands are situate in the first and second district of Appling county. Also, 2,000 acres of land well timbered with cypress and white oak. Any person wishing further particulars can address me at Hall P. O. Georgia. W. DYALL.
February 10, 1853. 950—

## N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for ⅔ds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician
J. Hersman, General Agent.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN,
*Secretary.*
April 28, 1850. 51—

## Baltimore Piano Manufactory.

*Important Improvement.—Etastic Universal Touch*

WISE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladie's can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. Scott's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the City among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.

J. J. WISE & BRO.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, Agent.
Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1850. 20—6m.

## MILTON FACTORY AND MILL.

J. B. BARRETT & J. D. NEWSOM, Having purchased Mr. Thomas W. Holden's interest in the Milton Cotton Factory and Mills Lands, Tenements, and debts due the Firm of Barrett, Newsom & Holden, will continue the Manufacturing and Milling business.

They are now putting in operation a set of Woolen Machinery, for the purpose of manufacturing

*WOOLEN GOODS,*

and will also have two good CARDING MACHINES in order the ensuing season, which will not only afford a market for the sale of Wool, but enable planters to get

Domestic Woolens, Cotton Goods,

and also Wool Rolls of the first quality.

They have in their employment the most experienced mechanics, and will endeavor to merit public patronage.

BARRETT & NEWSOM.
Milton, March 25, 1851. 41—tf.

## MRS. WOLTERING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Raleigh and surrounding country that she is now receiving her FALL and WINTER STOCK of FANCY GOODS, embracing China goods, fine iron-stone dinnersetts, tea-setts, and cups and saucers as fine as ever brought to this City.

Also, GROCERIES of every description. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., which will be sold low for cash.

Just Received, a fresh supply of CONFECTIONARIES.

Thankful for past favors, she solicits a continuance the same.

WILHELMINA WOLTERING.
Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1851. 90 —

## DRESS GOODS.

PRINTED and Plaid Berages,
Lawns, Organdi and Printed Cambrics,
Plaid Ginghams and Silk Lustors,
Bl'k, Groe DeRhine Silk and plain bl'k DeLair,
Cambric, Jackonette, Swiss, Checked, Mull and Nansuck Muslins, a great variety,
Bl'k and White and fancy Berage DeLains,

J. J. BROWN.
March 15, 1853. 34—

## Salmon, Lobsters, Hallibut.

JUST received a small lot of the above, put up in tin pots and hermetically sealed; warranted fresh and genuine, prepared and ready for the table.

JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, April 1st, 1853. 39—

## Macaroni.

BEST quality Macaroni in Store and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.
April 1st, 1853. 39—

## The Truly Fortunate and Far-Famed

LOTTERY AGENTS & BANKERS,

## PYFER & CO.,

**No. 1, Light St., Baltimore, Md.,**

Are undisguisedly in favor of the Union, and their predilections for both sexes, were never more forcibly illustrated than in the month of March, 1853, as will be observed by reading the following grand distribution of

## RICH AND RARE FORTUNES!

The Old Established House still stands unprecedented in the sale of Splendid Prizes.

$48,503, in package of halves, sent to Tennessee.
$35,000, in package of quarters, sent to Pennsylvania.
$24,000, in package of wholes sent to S. Carolina.
$20,000, in package of half tickets, sent to Georgia.
$18,656, in package of halves sent to S. Carolina.
$16,312, in package of quarters, sent to N. Carolina.
$10,000, in package of quarters sent to Virginia.
$9,214, in package of whole tickets sent to Penn.

☞ Be sure to address for a handsome Prize,

PYFER & CO.,
No. 1, Light St., Baltimore.

**Splendid Schemes for April, 1853.**

☞ The Certificate Prices of packages of quarter tickets only, are given below.

| Date. April. | Capital Prizes. | | No. of Ballots. | Price of Tickets. | Price of Packages. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | $18,000 | 78 Nos | 13 drawn | $5 | $18 00 |
| 2 | 40,000 | 75 Nos | 12 drawn | 12 | 45 00 |
| 4 | 26,000 | 78 Nos | 15 drawn | 8 | 25 00 |
| 5 | 21,500 | 75 Nos | 12 drawn | 5 | 18 00 |
| 6 | 37,500 | 75 Nos | 12 drawn | 10 | 35 00 |
| 7 | 20,000 | 78 Nos | 13 drawn | 5 | 18 00 |
| 8 | 18,000 | 75 Nos | 14 drawn | 5 | 16 00 |
| 9 | 44,000 | 78 Nos | 16 drawn | 15 | 46 00 |
| 11 | 28,500 | 75 Nos | 13 drawn | 8 | 27 00 |
| 12 | 20,000 | 78 Nos | 15 drawn | 5 | 16 00 |
| 13 | 30,000 | 78 Nos | 13 drawn | 10 | 35 00 |
| 14 | 20,000 | 75 Nos | 12 drawn | 5 | 18 00 |
| 15 | 13,500 | 78 Nos | 12 drawn | 4 | 15 00 |
| 16 | 50,210 | 75 Nos | 18 drawn | 5 | 60 00 |
| 18 5 of | 12,000 | 78 Nos | 13 drawn | 8 | 30 00 |
| 19 | 20,000 | 75 Nos | 14 drawn | 5 | 16 00 |
| 20 | 30,909 | 78 Nos | 12 drawn | 10 | 35 00 |
| 21 | 20,000 | 75 Nos | 15 drawn | 5 | 15 00 |
| 22 | 24,000 | 78 Nos | 13 drawn | 5 | 18 00 |
| 23 | 45,000 | 75 Nos | 11 drawn | 16 | 62 00 |
| 25 | 25,000 | 78 Nos | 13 drawn | 8 | 30 00 |
| 26 | 20,000 | 75 Nos | 12 drawn | 5 | 18 00 |
| 27 | 30,000 | 75 Nos | 15 drawn | 10 | 30 00 |
| 28 | 24,000 | 78 Nos | 13 drawn | 5 | 18 00 |
| 29 | 15,000 | 75 Nos | 14 drawn | 4 | 13 00 |
| 30 | 66,000 | 78 Nos | 13 drawn | 20 | 75 00 |

☞ Drawings forwarded to Correspondents by the first mails after the lotteries are drawn.

☞ Correspondents will please order a few days before the lotteries are drawn.

There is a large per centage in favor of those purchasers who order by the Package, and the chances of drawing four of the largest Prizes in the Scheme, are thereby secured. We advise the purchase of Packages of Tickets in every instance.

☞ Bank Drafts or Certificates of Deposits payable in Gold at sight, will be promptly remitted to those Correspondents who draw prizes at PYFER & CO'S.

☞ Remember—A PACKAGE of Tickets can draw FOUR of the most splendid prizes in a scheme.

☞ In order to secure a Fortune, and the cash immediately after the result is known, the readers of this paper have only to remit cash Drafts or prize tickets, of the Old Establibhed, far famed and truly fortunate Exchange and Lottery Brokers,

PYFER & CO.,
No 1, Light Street, Baltimore, Md.
March 30, 1853. 38—

## Quinton Utley's Tooth-Ache Drops.

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTHACHE.

*One of the Greatest Discoveries of the 19th Century!*

FROM the numerous applications I have had for the above preparation, for the last few months, the uniform success which has attended its use, its salutary effects, its power to give immediate relief in the severest cases of Toothache, I have been induced to offer it to those who may be afflicted; with the utmost confidence in its virtue, and the full belief that it will subdue and give entire relief to the severest toothache without the slightest injury to the tooth. I have got (and can get,) numerous testimonials of its efficacy—some from distinguished gentlemen, and all from as reliable persons as are in the State, a publication of which I deem unnecessary at this time, as one of these Drops when tried in an aching tooth will be worth more to the manufacturer and the patient, than all the certificates from great men that could be procured.

The preparation is known only to myself. Every phial is carefully put up by my own hands in the City of Raleigh and labelled with directions for use, and may be found at IRA BECKWITH'S Store, on Fayetteville St. a few doors North of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel, where it will be constantly kept for sale either by the wholesale or retail. Also for sale by the retail at Jone's Drug Store, Sycamore street, Petersburg, Va., and at Andrew Bett's Store, Wake County, N. C. Retail price 50 cts. per Bottle—liberal deduction made when taken by the quantity.

To all who may have the toothache—try it, and then it will need no puffing.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to by Mr. Beckwith or myself.

QUINTON UTLEY.
Raleigh, September 7, 1852. 86—1y.

## Scientific and Practical Works.

THE American Miller, and Millwright's Assistant, by William Carter Hughes, editor of the American Miller, New York, illustrated by drawings of the most approved machinery, 12mo. The Turner's Companion, containing instructions in concentric, eliptic, and eccentric turning, also, various plates of chucks, tools and instruments, and directions for using the eccentric cutter, drill, vertical cutter and circular rest, with patterns and instructions for working them, illustrated by numerous engravings, 12mo. Builder's Companion, containing the elements of building, surveying and architecture, with practical rules and instructions, by A. C. Smeaton, with 70 engravings, 12mo. new edition. Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer's Companion, by J. Stokes, illustrated, a new edition, 12mo. Painter, Guilder, Varnisher, and Glass Stainer's Companion, 12 mo. Dyer and Colomaker's Companion. Electrotype Manipulations; being the theory and plain instructions in the art of working metals, by precipitating them from their solutions, through the agency of galvanic or voltaic electricity, by Charles V. Walker, Hon. Secretary to the London Electrical Society, etc., illustrated by wood cuts, from the 14th London edition, new edition. The American Cotton Spinner and Managers' and Carders' Guide, a practical treatise on Cotton Spinning, giving the dimensions and speed of machinery, draught, and twist calculations, etc., with notices of recent improvements, together with rules and examples for making changes in the size and number of roving and yarn, compiled from the papers of the late Robert H. Baird. 16mo. 252 pages. The Year Book of Facts, in Science and Art, exhibiting the most important discoveries and improvements in Mechanics and the Useful Arts, Natural Philosophy, Electricity, Chemistry, Zoology and Botony, Geology and Geography, Meteorology, and Astronomy, by John Timbs. Editor of The Arcana of Science and Art, 16mo. 320 pages. Elwood's Grain Tables, showing the value of different kinds of Grain, calculated in Federal Money, of any quantity from one pound to 10,000 bushels, 12 mo.

For sale by H. D. TURNER,
Raleigh, April 1853. N. C. Bookstore.

## Extracts and Perfumery.

P. F. PESCUD has just received a supply of the most choice and superior Extracts for the Handkerchief, and for flavoring Pies and Puddings, ever offered for sale in Raleigh; consisting in part of the following, viz:

FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF: Upper Ten, New Mown Hay, Honey-Suckle, Jocker Club, Essence Bouquet, Sweet Clover, Helistrope, Prarie Flower, Cologne, Citronella Rose, Verbena, Clernatis, Ferinas, Tea Rose, Geranum; Hedyoimia, Magnolia, Violet, Patchoney.

FOR FLAVORING PIES, &c. Essence Lemon, Es. Butter Almonds, Peach, Celery, Gelatine, Corn Starch. Arrow Root, &c.

Raleigh, March 24th, 